# Reliance Money Services Private Limited

(formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited)

Annual Report 2022-2023

#### **Directors' Report**

To the Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the 23<sup>rd</sup> Directors' Report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

#### **Financial Results:**

#### (Rupees in Thousands)

Particulars	For the financial year ended	For the financial year ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Total Income	17,136	3,817
Total Expenses	3,044	4,132
Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax	14,092	(315)
Taxes for earlier years	(6)	(380)
Profit / Loss After Tax	14,098	65

#### **Financial Performance and State of Company's Affair:**

The total income increased from ₹ 3,817 thousands in FY 2021-2022 to ₹ 17,136 thousands in FY 2022-2023. The net profit for the year under review is ₹ 14,098 thousands against net profit of ₹ 65 thousands in previous year.

#### **Transfer to reserves:**

Your Directors have decided not to transfer any amount to the reserves for the financial year under review.

#### **Share Capital:**

During the financial year under review, the authorized share capital of the Company has remained unchanged i.e. Rs. 60,05,25,000/- and paid-up capital is unchanged at Rs. 60,05,15,000/-

#### Dividend:

In view to conserve resources, your Directors have not recommended any dividend for the financial year under review.

#### **Changes in the Nature of Business:**

There are no changes in the nature of business of the Company during the period under review.

#### **Public Deposits:**

The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits), Rules, 2014. Accordingly, the requirement of details of deposits which are not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of the Act does not arise.

#### **Particulars of Loans, Guarantees and Investments:**

Particulars of loans given, investments made or guarantees or securities provided pursuant to Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2023 are given under Notes to Accounts annexed to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023.

#### Subsidiary companies, joint venture or associate companies:

During the financial year under review, no companies have become/ ceased to become a Subsidiary/ Joint Venture/ Associate Company of the Company.

#### **Directors:**

During the financial year under review, the following changes took place in the composition of Directors of the Company –

- 1. Mr. Sanjay Sharma was appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. April 15, 2022
- 2. Mr. Amit Agrawal has resigned as a Director w.e.f. closure of business hours of April 15, 2022
- 3. Mr. Sanjay Sharma was regularized as a Director w.e.f. July 07, 2022
- 4. Mr. Arun Shivaraman Kumar was appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. November 05, 2022
- 5. Ms. Asha Garg has resigned as Director w.e.f. closure of business hours of November 05, 2022

In terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Sanjay Sharma, Director, retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

#### **Key Managerial Personnel:**

During the financial year under review, the following changes took place in the constitution of the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company:

- 1. Mr. Niraj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.f. April 15, 2022
- 2. Mr. Santosh Kumar Bhandari has resigned as Chief Financial Officer w.e.f. closure of business hours of December 31, 2022

#### **Evaluation of Directors, Board and Committees:**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (Committee) of the Board has carried out an annual evaluation of the performance of directors individually as well as of the Board and of its Committees. The evaluation of the individual directors was carried out based on criteria such as their knowledge of Company's operations, level of preparation and effective participation in Meetings and understanding of their roles as directors. The performance of the Board was evaluated based on inputs received from all the Directors on criteria such as Board composition and structure, effectiveness of Board / Committee processes and information provided to the Board and decisions taken by them. The performance of the Committees of the Board was evaluated on criteria such as adequacy of the roles and responsibilities of the Committee Members, frequency of reporting to/monitoring by the Committees, Management / Auditor responses to the recommendations of the Committees.

#### **Directors' Responsibility Statement:**

Pursuant to section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement it is hereby confirmed that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- (c) the directors had taken proper and enough care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- (e) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### **Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements:**

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls across the organization. The same is subject to review periodically by the internal auditors for its effectiveness.

#### **Contracts and Arrangements with Related Parties:**

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered into/ by the Company during the financial year under review with related parties were on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. There were no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons, which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

Prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee was obtained for the transactions which were of a repetitive nature. The transactions entered into pursuant to the omnibus approval so granted and statements giving details of all related party transactions were placed before the Audit Committee for their review and noting on a quarterly basis.

Your Directors draw attention of the members to the notes to the financial statement which sets out related party disclosures.

## Material changes and Commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report:

There are no material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 and the date of this report.

#### **Meetings of the Board of Directors:**

During the year, five (5) Board Meetings were held on April 15, 2022, June 10, 2022, July 30, 2022, November 05, 2022 and February 06, 2023.

#### **Audit Committee:**

The Audit Committee of the Board was re-constituted and consisted of Ms. Asha Garg (DIN: 08701801) — Non-Executive Director, Mr. Sanjay Sharma (DIN: 09592199) — Non-Executive Director as members.

All the members of the Committee possess financial expertise. The Audit Committee functions in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. During the year, all the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

Further, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors was dissolved in the Board Meeting of the Company held on November 05, 2022.

#### **Nomination and Remuneration Committee:**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board was re-constituted and consisted of Ms. Asha Garg (DIN: 08701801) — Non-Executive Director, Mr. Sanjay Sharma (DIN: 09592199) — Non-Executive Director as members.

During the year, all the recommendations made by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee were accepted by the Board.

Further, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors was dissolved in the Board Meeting of the Company held on November 05, 2022.

## <u>Policy on appointment and remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Employees:</u>

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board has devised a policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Employees and their remuneration. The Committee has formulated the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director. The policy on the above is attached as **Annexure - 1** to this Report.

Further, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors was dissolved in the Board Meeting of the Company held on November 05, 2022.

#### **Auditors:**

M/s. Gupta Rustagi & Co., Chartered Accountants, have been appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, for a period of five (5) years from the conclusion of the 21<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the 26<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company.

## Explanation by Board on the qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer made by the Auditors:

#### A. Statutory Auditors' Report:

The Statutory Auditors' Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 do not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

#### **B.** Secretarial Audit Report:

The Secretarial Auditors' Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 contains a remark with respect to the discrepancy in attendance sheet not signed by one of the Director.

#### Explanation by Board -

One of the Director of the Company was also an employee with another Group Company and internally appointed as a Director on the Board of Reliance Money Services Private Limited (RMSPL). The Director resigned from the group company in June 2022 and thereafter resigned from RMSPL in November 2022. Hence, such discrepancy.

There are no other qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer. The Audit Report of the secretarial auditors is annexed herewith as **Annexure 2**.

#### C. Cost Records:

The Company is not required to maintain cost records as per sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Annual Return:**

The Extract of Annual Return in Form MGT-9 pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure - 3** to this Report. The Annual Return of the Company containing the particulars as they stood on the close of the financial year viz March 31, 2023, shall be prepared, soon after the annual general meeting to be held during the calendar year 2023 is held and shall be available for inspection at the Registered office of the Company once the Annual Return under section 92(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 is filed with the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai.

#### **Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:**

Particulars required to be furnished under rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are as under:

- 1] In view of the nature of activities of the Company, Parts (A) and (B) pertaining to conservation of energy and technology absorption: Not applicable to the Company
- 2] Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

a] Earnings: Nilb] Outgo: Nil

#### **Risk Management Policy:**

The Company has in place a well-defined and articulated risk management policy in respect of all business processes. This has been also communicated and percolated to all the stakeholders in the business as well as to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees. All the risks relevant to the business and business environment have been identified and covered in the risk management policy.

The risk management policy of the Company is also aligned with that of the Group's risk management and enterprise risk management which the Group is implementing.

#### Whistle Blower (Vigil Mechanism):

In accordance with the Group's policy, the Company has formulated a Vigil Mechanism to address the genuine concerns, if any, of the Directors and the employees.

#### Frauds reported by auditors:

No frauds have been reported by the auditors under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2023.

#### Orders passed by Regulators, Courts or Tribunals:

No significant or material orders have been passed by any court or tribunal, which impacts the going-concern status or the Company's operation in future.

## Compliance with provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

The Company is committed to uphold and maintain the dignity of woman employees and it has in place a policy which provides for protection against sexual harassment of women at work place and for prevention and redressal of such complaints. The Company has in place an Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

During the year no such complaints were received.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility:**

In view of the absence of average net profit within the meaning of section 198(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, during the three immediately preceding financial years, the Company was neither required to constitute CSR Committee nor spend any amount on CSR activities as envisaged under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the financial year under review.

#### **Compliance with Secretarial Standards:**

During the financial year under review, the Company has complied with all the applicable Secretarial Standards notified by the Institute of the Companies Secretaries of India.

## The details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the year alongwith their status as at the end of the financial year:

During the financial year under review, the Company has neither made any application nor any proceeding is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

The details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof

During the year under review, no valuation was required.

#### <u>Disclosures relating to appointment & remuneration of Managerial Personnel:</u>

Disclosures as required under sections 196 and 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read together with Section II of Schedule V to the Act are not applicable as the Key Managerial Personnel doesn't draw any remuneration from the Company.

#### **Acknowledgements:**

Your Directors wish to place on record their appreciation for the assistance and co-operation received from various statutory and regulatory authorities, executives, officers and staff of the Company during the year.

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/- Sd/-

Date: July 28, 2023 Sanjay Sharma Arun Shivaraman Kumar Place: Mumbai Director Additional Director DIN: 09592199 DIN: 05282842

## Policy on Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Employees Appointment and Remuneration

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 Reliance Money Services Private Limited (formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited) considers human resources as its invaluable assets of the Company. The policy aims to harmonise the aspirations of the directors/ employees with the goals of the Company.
- 1.2 Human capital is a strategic source of value creation and an important asset of our Company. As part of progressive HR Philosophy, it is necessary to have in place a comprehensive Compensation Policy, which is in line with the industry trend and is employee friendly.

#### 2. Objectives

- 2.1 Ensuring that the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate, to run the Company successfully.
- 2.2 Ensuring that relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets the performance benchmarks.
- 2.3 Ensuring that annual compensation review considers industry/ business outlook and strategies adopted by industry peers, differentiates employees based on their merits and also protects employees, particularly those in junior cadre, against inflationary pressures;
- 2.4 Retention of high performers at all levels and those playing critical roles.

#### 3. Scope and Exclusion

The Board has constituted the "Nomination and Remuneration Committee" in line with the requirements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. This Policy sets out the broad guiding principles for the Committee for recommending to the Board for the appointment and remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel, Senior managerial personnel of the Company.

#### 4. Definitions

- 4.1 "Director" means a director appointed to the Board of the Company.
- 4.2 "Key Managerial Personnel" means
  - (i) the Chief Executive Officer or the managing director or the Manager;
  - (ii) the Company Secretary;
  - (iii) the Whole-time Director;
  - (iv) the Chief Financial Officer; and
  - (v) such other officer as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

4.3 "Senior Management" means personnel of the company who are members of its core management team excluding Board of Directors comprising all members of management one level below the executive directors, if any.

#### 5. Policy

#### 5.1. Appointment of Directors / Key Managerial / Senior Management personnel

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, inter alia, considers qualifications, positive attributes, areas of expertise and number of Directorships and Memberships held in various committees of other companies by such persons for Selection. The Board considers the recommendation of the Committee and takes appropriate decision. The Company also considers the requirement of skills and effectiveness of persons contributing to the Company's business and policy decisions of the Company.

#### 5.2 Remuneration to Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel

- 5.2.1 The remuneration of the Directors/ Managing Directors/ whole time Directors and Managers etc. will be governed as per provisions contained in the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made therein from time to time.
- 5.2.2 Non-Executive Directors shall be entitled to sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof as approved by the Board of Directors from time to time. The Non-Executive Directors shall also be entitled to profit related Commission, if approved by the Board, in addition to the sitting fees.
- 5.2.3 The Board, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Directors / Key Managerial Personnel/ Senior Management Personnel of the Company within the overall limits, if any, approved by the shareholders.
- 5.2.4 The remuneration structure shall include the following components:
  - (i) Basic Pay
  - (ii) Perquisites and Allowances
  - (iii) Stock Options, if any.
  - (iv) Commission (Applicable in case of Executive Directors/ Directors)
  - (v) Retiral benefits
  - (vi) Annual Performance Linked Incentives
- 5.2.5 The Annual Plan, Objectives, financial results of the Company shall be reviewed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Annual Performance Incentives, increment, revision in remuneration etc. will be proposed based on the achievements.

#### 5.3 Remuneration to other employees

Employees shall be assigned grades according to their qualifications and work experience, competencies as well as their roles and responsibilities in the organization. Individual remuneration shall be determined within the appropriate grade and shall be based on various factors such as job profile, skill sets, seniority, experience, performance and prevailing remuneration levels for equivalent jobs.

#### 6. Retention Features as part of Compensation Package

Based on the organizational need for retaining performing employees and those in critical roles, certain retention features may be rolled out as part of the overall compensation package. These may take form of Retention Bonuses (RBs); Special Monetary Programs (SMPs), Long-term Incentives (LTIs), Employee Stock Options, Phantom Stock Options, etc.

#### 7. Modification and Amendment

The policy is subject to modification, amendment and alterations by the management at any time without assigning any reasons.

#### Annexure 2

### Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

for the financial year ended March 31, 2023
[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and
Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules,
2014]

To
The Members,
RELIANCE MONEY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED
(Formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited)
CIN: U72900MH2000PTC128384

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Reliance Money Services Private Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder; (Not applicable to the company)
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder; (Not applicable to the company)
- iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings (Not applicable to the company)
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines:
  - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Not applicable to the company)

- b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 (Not applicable to the company)
- c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) (Not applicable to the company);
- e. Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the company)
- f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the company)
- g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the company)
- h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents)
  Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (Not applicable to the company)
- i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the company)
- j. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the company)
- k. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

We have examined compliance with the laws and regulations specifically applicable to the Company as mentioned hereunder:

- i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Stock Brokers) Regulations, 1992 (Not applicable to the company)
- ii. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Research Analysts) Regulations, 2019 (Not applicable to the company)
- iii. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Investment Advisors) Regulations, 2013 (Not applicable to the company)
- iv. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the company)
- v. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Not applicable to the company)
- vi. Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India Act, 1999 (Not applicable to the company)
  - except guidelines, circulars, master circulars and directions issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, the Stock Exchanges, Association of Mutual Funds in India and Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India and applicable to the Company relating to its day to-day operations in the ordinary course of business.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above to the extent applicable.

#### We further report that -

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Director, Non-Executive Directors. The provisions pertaining to appointment of Independent Directors were not applicable to the Company during the reporting period. Further the changes in the composition

of the Board of Directors, that took place during the period under review, were carried out in compliance with the provision of the Act.

During the period under review, decisions were carried unanimously and no dissenting views were observed, while reviewing the minutes. *However, the Attendance Register of Board Meetings held on 30-07-2022 and 05-11-2022, Nomination and Remuneration Committee meeting held on 05-11-2022, and Audit Committee meetings held on 30-07-2022 and 05-11-2022 and Annual General meeting held on 07-07-2022, were not signed by the Director Asha Garg.* 

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance for meetings other than those held at shorter notice, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

During the period under review, decisions were carried unanimously and no dissenting views were observed, while reviewing the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For Trusha D. Shah & Co.,
Practising Company Secretary

Sd/-

Trusha Shah Proprietor

ACS no.: 41022; C.P. No: 19908

Mumbai | July 06, 2023 UDIN: A041022E000562158

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure 'A' and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A'

To

The Members,

**Reliance Securities Limited** 

CIN: U65990MH2005PLC154052

Our Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023 of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our

responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.

2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was

done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe

that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of

Accounts of the Company.

4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance

of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations,

standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification

of procedures on test basis.

6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor

of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the

Company.

For Trusha D. Shah & Co.,

**Practising Company Secretary** 

Sd/-

**Trusha Shah** 

**Proprietor** 

ACS no.: 41022; C.P. No: 19908

Mumbai | July 06, 2023

UDIN: A041022E000562158

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## FORM NO. MGT 9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN as on the financial year ended on March 31, 2023

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act. 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules. 2014]

		013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014
I. REGIS	TRATION & OTHER DETAILS:	
(i)	CIN:-	U72900MH2000PTC128384
(ii)	Registration Date	August 23, 2000
(iii)	Name of the Company	Reliance Money Services Private Limited (formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited)
(iv)	Category/Sub-Category of the Company	Private Company / Limited by Shares
(v)	Address of the Registered office & contact details	11th Floor, R-Tech IT Park, Nirlon Compound,Off Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Goregaon East MH 400063 Tel: 022 4168 1200
(vi)	Whether listed company	No
(vii)	Name, Address & contact details of Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any	KFin Technologies Limited Selenium, Tower – B, Plot No. 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Hyderabad Rangareddi TG, Hyderabad – 500 032, Telangana Tel: + 91 40 6716 1771 Fax: +91 40 6716 1791 Email: mis.radag@kfintech.com

#### II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

SI. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/service	% to total
			turnover of the
1	Distribution of financial Product	6619	100.00

III.	PARTICULARS C	OF HOLDING,	SUBSIDIARY	AND.	ASSOCIATE	COMPANIES-	Ī
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S. No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/Subsidiary/Associate	Applicable Section
	Reliance Capital Limited Trade World, B-Wing, 7th Floor, Kamala Mills Compound, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400013	L65910MH1986PLC165645	Holding	2(46)

#### IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

(i)	Category-wise Share	Holding
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Category of Shareholders		o. of Shares he	eld at the beginning of th	e year	No. of Shares he	ld at the end of the year		% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	
A. Promoters								
(1) Indian								
a) Individual/ HUF	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-
b) Central Govt.	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-
c) State Govt(s)	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-
d) Bodies Corp.	9,9	40 60	10,000	100	9,940	60	10,000	-
e) Banks/FI	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
f) Any other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A) (1):-	9,9	40 60	10,000	100	9,940	60	10,000	-
								-
(2) Foreign								-
a) NRIs- Individuals	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-
b) Other- Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Bodies Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Banks/FI	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
e) Any other	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A) (2):-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total shareholding of	9,9	40 60	10,000	100	9,940	60	10,000	-
Promoter (A) =								
(A)(1)+(A)(2)								
B. Public								
Shareholding								
1. Institutions								
a) Mutual Funds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Central Govt.		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) State Govt(s)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Venture Capital		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Insurance		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Companies								
g) FIIs	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
h) Foreign Venture	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Capital Funds		_	-	-	-	-		-
i) Others (specify)	-	-	-		-	-		-
Sub-total (B)(1):-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
ous total (b)(1).			1		I .	l .		

				l					
2.41	-414 -41	-		_					
	stitutions		-		-		-	-	-
a) Bodies	Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Indian		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii) Overse		-	-	-		-	-	-	-
<ul><li>b) Individ</li><li>i) Individu</li></ul>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-			-	-			-
	ders holding share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
upto ₹1 l		-	-			-	-	-	
upto < 11	dKII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OV to all that		_			_	_			
ii) Individ			-	-	-		-	-	-
	ders holding share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	of ₹1 lakh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III excess	OI VI IAKII	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Pub		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sharehol									
(B)(1) + (E									
C. Shares		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	n for GDRs &	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ADRs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand To	tal (A+B+C)	9,940	60	10,000	100	9,940	60	10,000	-
				l					
(ii) Share	holding of Pro	moters							!
Sl. No.	norung of 110	Shareholder's Name		Sha	reholding at the beginning of the	vear	Shareholding at the en	nd of the	% change in
31.140.		Shareholder 3 Name		Sila	remotering at the beginning of the	, year	year	ila or tile	shareholding
				No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the	% of Shares Pledged/	No. of Shares	% of	during the year
					company	encumbered to total		total	during the year
					company	shares		Shares	
1								of the	
								of the compan	
								of the compan y	
1	Reliance Capit			10,000	100	Nil	10,000	of the compan y 100	Nil
1	Reliance Capit	tal Limited Total		10,000 10,000	100 100		10,000 10,000	of the compan y 100	Nil Nil
		Total		10,000		Nil		of the compan y 100	
(iii) Chan		Total ers' Shareholding (please specify	, if there is	10,000 no change)	100	Nii Nii	10,000	of the compan y 100 100	Nil
		Total	, if there is	10,000 no change)		Nii Nii		of the compan y 100 100	Nil
(iii) Chan		Total ers' Shareholding (please specify	, if there is	no change) Sharehole	100 ding at the beginning of the year	Nil Nil	10,000 Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year
(iii) Chan		Total ers' Shareholding (please specify	, if there is	10,000 no change)	100	Nil Nil	10,000	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares
(iii) <i>Chan</i> Sl. No.	ge in Promote	Total ors' Shareholding (please specify Particulars	, if there is	no change) Sharehole	100 ding at the beginning of the year	Nil Nil	10,000 Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year
(iii) <i>Chan</i>	ge in Promote	Total ers' Shareholding (please specify	, if there is	no change) Sharehole No. of shares	100 ding at the beginning of the year	Nil Nil	10,000 Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan Sl. No.	ge in Promote  At the beginn	Total  ors' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year	, if there is	no change) Sharehole	100 ding at the beginning of the year	Nil Nil the company	10,000 Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan Sl. No.	ge in Promote  At the beginn  Date wise Inc	Total  ors' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters	, if there is	no change) Sharehole No. of shares	100 ding at the beginning of the year	Nil Nil the company	10,000 Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan Sl. No.	ge in Promote  At the beginn  Date wise In Share holding	Total  ers' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters g during the year specifying the	, if there is	no change) Sharehole No. of shares	100  ding at the beginning of the year  % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company	Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan Sl. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inc Share holding reasons for	Total  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters and during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g.	, if there is	no change) Sharehole No. of shares	100  ding at the beginning of the year  % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company	Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan Sl. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inc Share holding reasons for Allotment/ tr	Total  ers' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters g during the year specifying the	, if there is	no change) Sharehole No. of shares	100  ding at the beginning of the year  % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company	Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chanes SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inshare holding reasons for Allotment/ tetc):	Total  ors' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters g during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. ransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity	, if there is	no change) Sharehole No. of shares	100  ding at the beginning of the year  % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro-	Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chanes SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inc Share holding reasons for Allotment/ tr	Total  ors' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters g during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. ransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity	, if there is	no change) Sharehole No. of shares	100  ding at the beginning of the year  % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company	Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chang	At the beginn Date wise Inshare holding reasons for Allotment/ tetc):	Total  ors' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters g during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. ransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity	, if there is	no change) Sharehole No. of shares	100  ding at the beginning of the year  % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro-	Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan Sl. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inc Share holding reasons for Allotment/ te etc): At the End of	Total  ors' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters g during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. ransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity		no change) Sharehold No. of shares  10,000	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro-	Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100	Nil uring the year % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inc Share holding reasons for Allotment/ te etc): At the End of	Total  ers' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. ransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity the year		10,000 no change) Sharehold No. of shares  10,000  10,000 ecctors, Promoters and Ho	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100 100 10,000	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100
(iii) Chan SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inc Share holding reasons for Allotment/ te etc): At the End of	Total  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters and during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. cransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity  the year  arm of top ten Shareholders (Other		10,000 no change) Sharehold No. of shares  10,000  10,000 ecctors, Promoters and Ho	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Share  No. of shares	of the compan y 100 100 100 10,000	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100
(iii) Chan SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inc Share holding reasons for Allotment/ te etc): At the End of	Total  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters and during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. cransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity  the year  arm of top ten Shareholders (Other		10,000 no change) Sharehold No. of shares  10,000  10,000 ecctors, Promoters and Ho	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Share  No. of shares	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100
(iii) Chan SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inc Share holding reasons for Allotment/ te etc): At the End of	Total  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters and during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. cransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity  the year  arm of top ten Shareholders (Other		10,000 no change) Shareholi No. of shares  10,000  10,000 ectors, Promoters and Ho	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:  Idders of GDRs and ADRs): ding at the beginning of the year	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  omoters  Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  wring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  100  uring the year
(iii) Chan SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Int Share holding reasons for Allotment/ tr etc): At the End of cholding Patter For Each of th	Total  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters and during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. cransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity  the year  arm of top ten Shareholders (Other		10,000 no change) Shareholi No. of shares  10,000  10,000 ectors, Promoters and Ho	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:  Idders of GDRs and ADRs): ding at the beginning of the year	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  omoters  Cumulative Share	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  100  uring the year  % of total shares
(iii) Chan SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Int Share holding reasons for Allotment/ tetc): At the End of Cholding Patte For Each of the	Total  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters aduring the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. ransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity  the year  arm of top ten Shareholders (Other the Top 10 Shareholders		10,000 no change) Sharehold No. of shares  10,000  10,000 ectors, Promoters and Ho Sharehold No. of shares	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of  There is no change in:  Idders of GDRs and ADRs):  ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  Cumulative Shares  No. of shares	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  100  uring the year  % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inshare holding reasons for Allotment/ trett): At the End of the tholding Patter For Each of the At the beginn Date wise	rotal  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. ransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity the year  arm of top ten Shareholders (Othere Top 10 Shareholders  ing of the year Increase/Decrease in Share		10,000 no change) Sharehold No. of shares  10,000  10,000 ectors, Promoters and Ho Sharehold No. of shares	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of  There is no change in:  Idders of GDRs and ADRs):  ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  Cumulative Shares  No. of shares	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  100  uring the year  % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan SI. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inc Share holding reasons for Allotment/ tr etc): At the End of Cholding Patte For Each of th At the beginn Date wise holding duri	rotal  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. ransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity the year  arn of top ten Shareholders (Other top 10 Shareholders  ing of the year Increase/Decrease in Share ing the year specifying the		10,000  no change)  Sharehold  No. of shares  10,000  10,000  ectors, Promoters and Hc Sharehold  No. of shares  Nil	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:  Iders of GDRs and ADRs): ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  Cumulative Share  No. of shares	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  uring the year  % of total shares of the company Nil
(iii) Chan-Sl. No.  1  2  3 (iv) Share-Sl. No.	At the beginn Date wise Int Share holding reasons for Allotment/ tetc): At the End of the Cholding Patter For Each of the At the beginn Date wise holding during a during some for the some some some some some some some som	rotal  rs' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters crease/ Decrease in Promoters crease/ decrease (e.g. cransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity  the year  rn of top ten Shareholders (Othere Top 10 Shareholders  ing of the year  Increase/Decrease in Share ing the year specifying the increase / decrease (e.g.		10,000 no change) Sharehold No. of shares  10,000  10,000 ectors, Promoters and Ho Sharehold No. of shares	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of  There is no change in:  Idders of GDRs and ADRs):  ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  Cumulative Shares  No. of shares	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  100  uring the year  % of total shares of the company
(iii) Chan. Sl. No.  1  2  3  (iv) Share Sl. No.	At the beginn Date wise Int Share holding reasons for Allotment/ tetc): At the End of the Cholding Patter For Each of the At the beginn Date wise holding during a during some for the some some some some some some some som	rotal  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. ransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity the year  arn of top ten Shareholders (Other top 10 Shareholders  ing of the year Increase/Decrease in Share ing the year specifying the		10,000  no change)  Sharehold  No. of shares  10,000  10,000  ectors, Promoters and Hc Sharehold  No. of shares  Nil	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:  Iders of GDRs and ADRs): ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  Cumulative Share  No. of shares	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  uring the year  % of total shares of the company Nil
(iii) Chan. Sl. No.  1  2  3  (iv) Share Sl. No.	At the beginn Date wise Int Share holding reasons for Allotment/ tetc): At the End of the Cholding Patter For Each of the At the beginn Date wise holding during a during some for the some some some some some some some som	rotal  rs' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters crease/ Decrease in Promoters crease/ decrease (e.g. cransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity  the year  rn of top ten Shareholders (Othere Top 10 Shareholders  ing of the year  Increase/Decrease in Share ing the year specifying the increase / decrease (e.g.		10,000  no change)  Sharehold  No. of shares  10,000  10,000  ectors, Promoters and Hc Sharehold  No. of shares  Nil	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:  Iders of GDRs and ADRs): ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  Cumulative Share  No. of shares	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  uring the year  % of total shares of the company Nil
(iii) Chan. Sl. No.  1  2  3  (iv) Share Sl. No.	At the beginn Date wise Int Share holding reasons for Allotment/ tr etc): At the End of Pror Each of th  At the beginn Date wise holding duri reasons for Allotment/tra	rotal  rs' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters crease/ Decrease in Promoters crease/ decrease (e.g. cransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity  the year  rn of top ten Shareholders (Othere Top 10 Shareholders  ing of the year  Increase/Decrease in Share ing the year specifying the increase / decrease (e.g.		10,000  no change)  Sharehold  No. of shares  10,000  10,000  ectors, Promoters and Ho Sharehold  No. of shares  Nil	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:  Inders of GDRs and ADRs):  ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of Nil	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  Cumulative Share  No. of shares  Nil	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  Nil  Nil
(iii) Chan: Sl. No.  1  2  3  (iv) Share Sl. No.	At the beginn Date wise Inshare holding reasons for Allotment/ treetch: At the End of the tholding Patter At the beginn Date wise holding duri reasons for Allotment/traetch	rotal  ars' Shareholding (please specify Particulars  ing of the year  crease/ Decrease in Promoters and during the year specifying the increase/ decrease (e.g. cransfer/ bonus/ sweat equity  the year  arm of top ten Shareholders (Othere Top 10 Shareholders  ing of the year  Increase/Decrease in Share ing the year specifying the increase / decrease (e.g. insfer/bonus/sweat equity etc):		10,000  no change)  Sharehold  No. of shares  10,000  10,000  ectors, Promoters and Hc Sharehold  No. of shares  Nil	ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of There is no change in:  Iders of GDRs and ADRs): ding at the beginning of the year % of total shares of	Nil Nil the company  100 the shareholding of the pro	Cumulative Shares  No. of shares  Cumulative Share  No. of shares	of the compan y 100 100 100 100 10,000 10,000 tholding d	Nil  uring the year  % of total shares of the company  100  uring the year  % of total shares of the company Nil

	eholding of Directors and Key Managerial Person For Each of the Directors and KMP		Shareholding at the beginning of the year			uring the year
		No. of shares	% of total shares	of the company	No. of shares	% of total share of the company
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Ni	I	Nil	Nil
	Date wise Increase/Decrease in Share					
	holding during the year specifying the					
	reasons for increase /decrease (e.g.	Nil	N	I	Nil	Nil
	Allotment/transfer/bonus/sweat equity etc):					
	At the End of the year	Nil	N	l	Nil	Nil
INDE	BTEDNESS					
	dness of the Company including interest outsta	anding/accrued but not due for nayme	nt	(Run	ees in thousand)	
	Particulars	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecure		Deposit	Total
						Indebtedness
debte	dness at the beginning of the financial year	•				
Princi	ipal Amount	-		605,565	-	605,56
Intere	est due but not paid	-	-		-	
	est accrued but not due	-	-		-	
otal (i+		-		605,565	-	605,5
	in Indebtedness during the financial year					1
Additio		-	-		-	
Reduct		-	-		-	
et Chai	ÿ	-	-		-	
	dness at the end of the financial year					
	pal Amount	-		605,565	-	605,56
	st due but not paid	-	-		-	-
,	est accrued but not due	-		417.15	-	417.:
otal (i+	ii+iii)	-		605,982.15	-	605,982.1
	UNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGE					
. Kemu	neration to Managing Director, Whole-time Di	rectors and/or Manager: ticulars of Remuneration		Nome of B	ID/WTD/ Manager	Tatal Amazona
SI.No.	Name	ticulars of Remuneration			Niraj Anand*	Total Amount (Rs)
	Designation	-			Manager	(1.5)
1	Gross salary				Nil	-
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in sectio	n 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961			Nil	_
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax A				Nil	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3)	ncome- tax Act, 1961			Nil	-
					Nil	
2	Stock Option				INII	-
2	Stock Option				Nil	
2	Sweat Equity				Nil	-
	Sweat Equity Commission				Nil Nil	-
3	Sweat Equity					-
3	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit				Nil	
4	Sweat Equity  Commission  - as % of profit  - others, specify  Others, please specify  Total (A)				Nil Nil Nil Nil	-
3 4 5	Sweat Equity  Commission  - as % of profit  - others, specify  Others, please specify  Total (A)  Ceiling as per the Act				Nil Nil Nil	-
3 4 5	Sweat Equity  Commission  - as % of profit  - others, specify  Others, please specify  Total (A)	:f April 15, 2022			Nil Nil Nil Nil	-
3 4 5 Mr. Nire	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.s.	:f April 15, 2022			Nil Nil Nil Nil	-
3 4 5 Mr. Niro	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e	:-f. April 15, 2022	Name	of Directors	Nil Nil Nil Nil	-
3 4 5 Mr. Nire	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.s.	2:f. April 15, 2022	Name	of Directors	Nil Nil Nil Nil	-
3 4 5 Mr. Niro	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e	2:f. April 15, 2022	Name	of Directors	Nil Nil Nil Nil	- - - Total Amount
3 4 5 Mr. Niro	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.  Particulars of Remuneration		Name		Nil Nil Nil Nil	- - - Total Amount
3 4 5 Mr. Niro	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e. neration to other Directors: Particulars of Remuneration		Name		Nil Nil Nil Nil	- - - Total Amount
3 4 5 Mr. Niro	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.  Particulars of Remuneration Independent Directors: * Fee for attending board committee meetings * Commission * Others, please specify		Name		Nil Nil Nil Nil	- - - Total Amount
3 4 5 Mr. Niro	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e  neration to other Directors:  Particulars of Remuneration  Independent Directors * Fee for attending board committee meetings * Commission		Name		Nil Nil Nil Nil	- - - Total Amount
3 4 5 Mr. Niro . Remui SI.No.	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.  Particulars of Remuneration  Independent Directors * Fee for attending board committee meetings * Commission * Others, please specify Total (1)	5			Nil Nil Nil Nil	- - - Total Amount इ
3 4 5 Mr. Niro	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.  Particulars of Remuneration Independent Directors: * Fee for attending board committee meetings * Commission * Others, please specify		Name Ms. Asha Garg#		Nil Nil Nil Nil	- - - Total Amount
3 4 5 Mr. Niro . Remui SI.No.	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.  Particulars of Remuneration Independent Directors: * Fee for attending board committee meetings* * Commission * Others, please specify Total (1)  Other Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Amit Agrawal**	Ms. Asha Garg♯	Mr. Sanjay Sharma^\$	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Mr. Arun Shivaraman Kumar*	Total Amount
3 4 5 Mr. Niro . Remui SI.No.	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e. neration to other Directors: Particulars of Remuneration  Independent Directors * Fee for attending board committee meetings * Commission  Other Non-Executive Directors  * Commission	5			Nil Nil Nil Nil	- - - Total Amouni इ
3 4 5 Mr. Niro . Remui SI.No.	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.  Particulars of Remuneration Independent Directors: * Fee for attending board committee meetings* * Commission * Others, please specify Total (1)  Other Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Amit Agrawal**	Ms. Asha Garg#	Mr. Sanjay Sharma^\$	Nil	Total Amoun
3 4 5 Mr. Niro . Remui SI.No.	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e. neration to other Directors: Particulars of Remuneration Independent Directors * Fee for attending board committee meetings * Commission * Others, please specify Total (1) Other Non-Executive Directors  * Commission * Others, please specify Total (2)	Mr. Amit Agrawal**  Nil  Nil	Ms. Asha Garg# Nil Nil	Mr. Sanjay Sharma^\$ Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Mr. Arun Shivaraman Kumar*	Total Amoun  Total Amoun  Total Amoun  Nil
3 4 5 Mr. Niro . Remui SI.No.	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.  Particulars of Remuneration  Independent Directors: Particulars of Remuneration  Independent Directors * Fee for attending board committee meetings * Commission * Others, please specify Total (1) Other Non-Executive Directors  * Commission * Others, please specify Total (2) Total (2) Total (B)=(1+2)	Mr. Amit Agrawal**  Nii  Nii  Nii  Nii	Ms. Asha Garg#  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil	Mr. Sanjay Sharma^\$  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil	Nil	Total Amoun
3 4 5 Mr. Niro . Remui SI.No.	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.  Particulars of Remuneration  Independent Directors: * Fee for attending board committee meetings: * Commission * Others, please specify Total (1)  Other Non-Executive Directors  * Commission * Others, please specify Total (2)  Total (B)=(1+2) Total Managerial Remuneration	Mr. Amit Agrawal**  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil	Ms. Asha Garg# Nil Nil Nil	Mr. Sanjay Sharma^\$ Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Mr. Arun Shivaraman Kumar*	Total Amount  Total Amount  Total Amount  Nil
3 4 5 5 Mr. Niri. Remui	Sweat Equity Commission - as % of profit - others, specify Others, please specify Total (A) Ceiling as per the Act aj Kumar Anand was appointed as Manager w.e.  Particulars of Remuneration  Independent Directors: Particulars of Remuneration  Independent Directors * Fee for attending board committee meetings * Commission * Others, please specify Total (1) Other Non-Executive Directors  * Commission * Others, please specify Total (2) Total (2) Total (B)=(1+2)	Mr. Amit Agrawal**  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  1,00,000/- per meeting	Ms. Asha Garg#  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil	Mr. Sanjay Sharma^\$  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil	Nil	Total Amoun  Total Amoun  Total Amoun  Nil  Nil  Nil

<sup>\$</sup>Mr. Sanjay Sharma was regularized as a director w.e.f. July 07, 2022

\*Mr. Arun Shivaraman Kumar was appointed as an Additional Director w.e.f. November 05, 2022

SI.No.	Particulars of Remuneration		Name of Key Ma	nagerial Personnel		Total Amount	
	Name		Mr. Tejas Wagh	Mr. Sar	ntosh Bhandari*		
	Designation	Co	ompany Secretary		CFO	(Rs)	
1	Gross salary						
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section	n 17(1) of	Nil		Nil	Nil	
	the Income-tax Act, 1961		Nil		Nil	Nil	
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax A	ct, 1961	Nil		Nil	Nil	
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3	3) Income-	Nil		Nil	Nil	
2	tax Act, 1961		A.11		***		
3	Stock Option Sweat Equity		Nil Nil		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	
			Nil		Nil		
4	Commission - as % of profit		Nil		Nil	Nil Nil	
-	- others, specify		Nil		Nil	Nil	
5	Others, please specify		Nil		Nil	Nil	
	Total		Nil		Nil	Nil	
		closure of business hours of De	ecember 31, 2022				
	ALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OF		ecember 31, 2022				
/II. PEN			Details of Penalty / Punishme imposed		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		
/II. PEN/	ALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OF	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details	
A. CO	Type Section of the Companies Act	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		
A. CO	ALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OF  Type Section of the Companies Act  MPANY	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		
A. COPenalty	ALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OF  Type Section of the Companies Act  MPANY  ent	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme impose		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		
A. COPenalty Punishm Compound	ALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OF  Type Section of the Companies Act  MPANY  ent	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme impose		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		
A. COPenalty Punishm Compoul B. DIR	Type Section of the Companies Act  MPANY ent ent ending	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme impose		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		
A. COI Penalty Punishm Compour B. DIR	ALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OF  Type Section of the Companies Act  MPANY  ent inding ECTORS	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme impose		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		
A. COPenalty Punishm Compour B. DIR Penalty Punishm	ALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OF  Type Section of the Companies Act  MPANY  ent  dding  ECTORS  ent	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme imposed		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		
A. CO Penalty Punishm Compour B. DIR Penalty Punishm Compour Compour Compour Compour	ALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OF  Type Section of the Companies Act  MPANY  ent  dding  ECTORS  ent	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme imposed		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		
A. CO Penalty Punishm Compour B. DIR Penalty Punishm Compour	ALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OF  Type Section of the Companies Act  MPANY  ent  ding  ECTORS  ent  ding  HER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT	FENCES:	Details of Penalty / Punishme imposed		Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]		

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members of Reliance Money Services Private Limited

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Reliance Money Services Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2023, its profit and total Comprehensive Income, Change in Equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Material Uncertainty Relating to Going Concern**

We draw attention to Note no. 27 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Company's net worth is eroded, indicating the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a going concern for the reasons stated in the said Note.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to

Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the act') with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that are operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the act and the Rules made there under, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
  error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies
  Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has
  adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such
  controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all

relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters Specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we further report that:
  - a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
  - b) in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
  - c) the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the applicable Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014;
  - e) The matter described under the Emphasis of Matters paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
  - f) on the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
  - g) Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (1) of Sub-section 3 of section 143 of the companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") is enclosed as an annexure A to this report;
  - h) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report as under with respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014:
    - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
    - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts; as such the question of commenting on any material foreseeable losses thereon does not arise;
    - iii. There has not been an occasion in case of the Company during the year under report to transfer any sums to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. The question of delay in transferring such sums does not arise;

- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
  - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
  - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

For Gupta Rustagi & Co.,

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.128701W

Place - Mumbai

**Date** - 05<sup>th</sup> May, 2023

Sd/-

Niraj Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 100808

UDIN: 23100808BGVNSQ6550

Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under heading Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our Report of even date to the members of Reliance Money Services Private Limited on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:

- i. The Company does not have any Property, Plant & Equipment so requirement of clause 3(i) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ii. (a) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable
  - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity, thus, reporting under clause 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable.
- iv. The Company has neither granted any loans to any director or any person in whom director is interested nor made any investment in any Company as specified in Section 185 and 186 of the Act. Thus, clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public or amounts which are deemed to be deposits, covered under Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the Company examined by us, the Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including Goods & Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities in India. As explained to us, the Company did not have any dues on account of sales tax, wealth tax, excise duty and customs duty. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, value added tax, service tax, provident fund and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st March, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the Company examined by us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of any disputes.
- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
  - ix. (a) Based on the audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the loans borrowed are repayable on demand and hence there is no stipulation to repayment, hence whether the company has defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender cannot be reported..
    - (b) The Company is not a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;
    - (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable;
    - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company
    - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates & joint ventures;
    - (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable;
  - x. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
    - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
  - xi. (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
    - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report

- (c) There has been no instance of whistle-blower complaints received by the company during the year under audit.
- xii. In our opinion, company is not a Nidhi company and, therefore clause 3(xii) of the order is not applicable.
- xiii. Based upon the audit procedures performed and according to the information and explanations given to us, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards;
- xiv. (a) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, determining the nature, timing & extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him during the year under review, therefore clause 3(xv) of the order is not applicable
- xvi. In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Thus clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. Based upon the audit procedures performed and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs.8.17 Lacs in the financial year covered by our audit, however, there are no cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year
- xviii. There has been no resignation of statutory auditors of the Company in the previous year.
- xix. According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, we are of the opinion that that there exists material uncertainty as on the date of audit report that the company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due;

xx. The Company does not attract the provision of sec 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, thus, clause (xx) of the Order is not applicable.

For Gupta Rustagi & Co., Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.128701W

Place - Mumbai

**Date** - 05<sup>th</sup> May, 2023

Sd/-

Niraj Gupta

Partner

Membership No. 100808

Annexure A referred to in paragraph 2(f) under heading Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements of our Report of even date to the members of Reliance Money Services Private Limited on the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of ('the Company') as of 31st March, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### **Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

**Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting** 

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide

reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A

Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

(1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the

transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation

of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that

receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and

(3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized

acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the

financial statements.

**Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting** 

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including

the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements

due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the

internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in

conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**Opinion** 

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were

operating effectively as at 31st March, 2023 based on the internal control over financial reporting

criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated

in the Guidance Note.

For Gupta Rustagi & Co.,

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.128701W

Place: Mumbai

**Date:** 05<sup>th</sup> May, 2023

Sd/-

Niraj Gupta

**Partner** 

Membership No. 100808

34

₹ In Thousand

Particulars	Note	As at	As at	
raiticulais	No.	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Financial assets				
i. Trade receivables	3	-	301	
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,800	1,461	
Current tax assets (net)	5	8	36	
Other current assets	6	3,755	4,796	
Total current assets	_	5,563	6,594	
Total assets		5,563	6,594	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
Share capital	7	100	100	
Other equity	8	(6,01,587)	(6,15,612)	
Total equity		(6,01,487)	(6,15,512)	
LIABILITIES	•			
Non-current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
-Borrowings	9	6,00,000	6,00,000	
Total non-current liabilities		6,00,000	6,00,000	
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
i. Borrowings	10	5,150	5,150	
ii. Trade payables	11			
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small	II			
enterprises		-	-	
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro			4.40	
enterprises and small enterprises	12	-	149	
iii. Other financial liabilities Provisions	12 13	415 153	415 67	
Other current liabilities	14	1,332	16,325	
Total current liabilities	<u> </u>	·		
Total liabilities	-	7,050 6,07,050	22,106 6,22,106	
		0.07.030	0.22.106	

Significant accounting policies and 1 to 34 notes to the financial statement

As per our report of even date

#### For Gupta Rustagi & Co.

Chartered accountants

Firm's Registration No: 128701W

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

 Sd/ Sd/ Sd/ 

 Niraj Gupta
 Sanjay Sharma
 Arun Kumar

 Partner
 Director
 Director

 Membership No: 100808
 DIN: 09592199
 DIN: 05282842

Sd/- Sd/- Place : Mumbai Purvi Nanavaty Teja

Place : Mumbai Purvi Nanavaty Tejas Wagh
Date : 05th May,2023 Chief financial officer Company Secretery

M.No.A35222

The accompaning notes from an integral part of the financial statements.

#### Reliance Money Services Private Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited) Statement of profit and loss for the Year ended March 31, 2023

₹ In Thousand

Doubleviere	Note	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	No.	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Income			
Revenue from operations	15	1,650	3,551
Other income	16	15,486	266
Total income		17,136	3,817
Expenses	;		
Employee benefit expenses	17	1,578	2,113
Finance costs	18	464	460
Other expenses	19	1,002	1,559
Total expenses		3,044	4,132
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax	;	14,092	(315)
Exceptional items		-	`-
Profit/(loss) before tax		14,092	(315)
Tax expense			
- Current tax		-	-
- Deferred tax		-	-
- Earlier years		(6)	(380)
Total tax expense/(credit)		(6)	(380)
Profit/ (loss) for the year		14,098	65
Profit/ (loss) for the period/year from discontinuing operat	tion before tax	-	-
Tax expense from discontinuing operations		-	-
Profit/ (loss) for the period/year from discontinuing operat	tion after tax	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year after tax		14,098	65
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss :			
Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligations ga	nin/(loss)	(73)	(38)
Other comprehensive income for the year	,	(73)	(38)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		14,025	27
Earnings per equity share (Amount in ₹)	28		
Basic and Diluted	20	(2.79)	(4.19)
Significant accounting policies and			
notes to the financial statement	1 to 34		

The accompaning notes from an integral part of the financial statements.

#### For Gupta Rustagi & Co.

Chartered accountants

Firm's Registration No: 128701W

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Niraj GuptaSanjay SharmaArun KumarPartnerDirectorDirectorMembership No: 100808DIN: 09592199DIN: 05282842

Place : Mumbai Date : 05th May,2023 Sd/-**Purvi Nanavaty** Chief financial officer Sd/-**Tejas Wagh** Company Secretery M.No.A35222

#### Reliance Money Services Private Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited) Statement of Cash Flow for the Year ended March 31,2023

₹ In Thousand

S.No.	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
A.	Cash flow from operating activities :		
	Profit/(loss) before tax from operation	14,092	(315)
	Adjustments:		
	Interest Expense	464	460
	Interest income on income tax refund	(2)	(167)
	Provision for doubtful debts/advances (net)	113	356
	Liability written back	(15,484)	(99)
	Operating profit before working capital changes	(817)	235
	Adjustments for		
	(increase)/ decrease in operating assets:		
	Trade receivable	188	(440)
	Other current assets	1,041	(137)
	Adjustments for		
	increase/ (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
	Trade payable	(149)	2
	Other current liabilities	27	1,009
	Provisions	13	(182)
	Cash flows from / (used in) operating activities	303	487
	Payment of taxes (net of refunds)	36	815
	Net cash flows generated from / (used in) operating activities (A)	339	1,302
В.	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Sale of property, plant and equipment	-	-
	Net Cash flows generated from / (used in) investment activities (B)	-	-
C.	Cash flows from financing activities		
	Proceed from /(repayment of) short term borrowings (net)	-	400
	Interest Expense	-	(460)
	Net Cash flows generated from / (used in) financing activities ( C)	-	(60)
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash or cash equivalents (A+B+C)	339	1,242
	Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	1,461	219
	Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	1,800	1,461
	Cash and cash equivalents comprise		
	Cash in hand	-	_
	Balance with scheduled banks		
	-in current accounts	1,800	
	Total cash and cash equivalents	1,800	-

(₹ in Thousand)

#### (a) Net debt reconciliation

This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for each of the periods presented.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	1,800	1,461
Borrowings	(6,00,415)	(6,00,415)
ICD Borrowings	(5,150)	(5,150)
Net debt	(6,03,765)	(6,04,104)

Particulars	Cash and bank	Borrowings	ICD Borrowings	Total
Net debt as at April 1, 2022	1,461	(6,00,415)	(5,150)	(6,04,104)
Cash flows	339	-	-	339
Interest expense	-	-	-	-
Interest paid	-	-	-	-
Net debt as at March, 2023	1,800	(6,00,415)	(5,150)	(6,03,765)

Particulars	Cash and bank	Borrowings	ICD Borrowings	Total
Net debt as at April 1, 2021	219	(6,00,415)	(4,750)	(6,04,946)
Cash flows	1,242	-	(400)	842
Interest expense	-	-	(460)	(460)
Interest paid	-	-	460	460
Net debt as at March 31,2022	1,461	(6,00,415)	(5,150)	(6,04,104)

- (b) The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the Indirect method as set out in IND AS 7 on Statement of Cash Flows notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015], as amended.
- (c) Figures in brackets indicate cash outflow.
- (d) Figures of previous year are regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to correspond to figures of the current year.

The accompaning notes from an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

#### For Gupta Rustagi & Co.

Chartered accountants

Firm's Registration No: 128701W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

Niraj GuptaSanjay SharmaArun KumarPartnerDirectorDirectorMembership No: 100808DIN: 09592199DIN: 05282842

Sd/- Sd/-

Place : Mumbai Purvi Nanavaty Tejas Wagh
Date : 05th May,2023 Chief financial officer M.No.A35222

(₹ in thousand)

#### A. Equity share capital

Particulars	No. of shares	Amount
As at April 1, 2022	10,000	100
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance as at April 1,2022	10,000	100
Changes in equity share capital	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	10,000	100

#### B. Other equity

	Reserves and surplus			Other	Total
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities	Retained	comprehensive	
		premium	earnings	income	
As at April 1, 2022	59,197	41,085	(7,15,306)	(588)	(6,15,612)
changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-
Restated Balance as at April 1,2022	-	-	-	•	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(73)	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	14,098	(73)	14,025
Dividends	-	-	-	•	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	59,197	41,085	(7,01,208)	(661)	(6,01,587)

	Reserves and surplus			Other	Total
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities	Retained	comprehensive	
		premium	earnings	income	
As at April 1, 2021	59,197	41,085	(7,15,371)	(550)	(6,15,639)
changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-
Restated Balance as at April 1,2021	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(38)	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	65	(38)	27
Dividends	-	ı	-	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	59,197	41,085	(7,15,306)	(588)	(6,15,612)

The accompaning notes from an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Gupta Rustagi & Co. Chartered accountants

Firm's Registration No: 128701W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Niraj Gupta Partner

Membership No: 100808

Sd/-Sd/-

**Sanjay Sharma Arun Kumar** Director Director DIN: 05282842 DIN: 09592199

Sd/-Sd/-

**Purvi Nanavaty** Tejas Wagh Chief financial officer Company Secretery

M.No.A35222

## Reliance Money Services Private Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited)

#### Financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### 1 Corporate Information

Reliance Money services Private Limited (Formerly Known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited) ('the company') was incorporated on August 23, 2000 with the Registrar of Companies (RoC), Maharashtra. The company's main object is providing all kind of services including Management Consulting, Advisory Services and Distribution of Financial Products.

The Company is a Private Limited Company, its registered office is located at '11th Floor, R-Tech IT Park, Nirlon Compond, Off Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East) Mumbai Maharashtra - 400063'. These financial statement of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023 were authorised for issue by the board of directors on May 05, 2023. Pursuant to the provision of the section of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') the Central Government, Income tax authorities, Securities and Exchange Board of India, other statutory regulatory body and under section 131 of the Act, the board of directors of the Company have powers to amend / re-open the standalone financial statements approved by the board / adopted by the members of the Company.

#### 2 Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.01 Basis of preparation

#### (i) Compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act, to the extent notified and applicable as well as applicable guidance note and pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

#### (ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivatives instruments) are measured at fair value;
- Defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value.

#### (iii) Current - non-current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out under Ind AS and in Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of the services and their realisation in cash & cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### (iv) functional and presentation currency

Items included in financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 2.02 Financial instruments

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on trade-date, the date on which the company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset or financial liability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are incremental and directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability, such as fees and commissions. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

When the fair value of financial assets and liabilities differs from the transaction price on initial recognition, the entity recognizes the difference as follows:

- (a) When the fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. a Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, the difference is recognized as a gain or loss.
- (b) In all other cases, the difference is deferred and the timing of recognition of deferred day one profit or loss is determined individually. It is either amortized over the life of the instrument, deferred until the instrument's fair value can be determined using market observable inputs, or realized through settlement.

When the company revises the estimates of future cash flows, the carrying amount of the respective financial assets or financial liability is adjusted to reflect the new estimate discounted using the original effective interest rate. Any changes are recognized in profit or loss.

#### 2.03 Financial assets

#### (i) Classification and subsequent measurement

The company has applied Ind AS 109 and classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL);
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); or
- Amortised cost

The classification requirements for debt and equity instruments are described below:

Debt instruments

Debt instruments are those instruments that meet the definition of a financial liability from the issuer's perspective, such as loans, government and corporate bonds and trade receivables.

Classification and subsequent measurement of debt instruments depend on:

- (i) the company's business model for managing the asset; and
- (ii) the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

Based on these factors, the company classifies its debt instruments into one of the following three measurement categories:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest ('SPPI'), and that are not designated at FVPL, are measured at amortized cost. The carrying amount of these assets is adjusted by any expected credit loss allowance recognized and measured. Interest income from these financial assets is recognized using the effective interest rate method.

<u>Fair value through Comprehensive income</u>: Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, and that are not designated at FVPL, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses on the instrument's amortized cost which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in 'Interest income' using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless it arises from debt instruments that were designated at fair

<u>Fair value option for financial assets</u>: The company may also irrevocably designate financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if doing so significantly reduces or eliminates an accounting mismatch created by assets and liabilities being measured on different bases.

Trade receivables are measured at transaction price.

Business model: The business model reflects how the company manages the assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the company's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of 'other' business model and measured at FVPL. Factors considered by the company in determining the business model for a company of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, how risks are assessed and managed and how managers are compensated. Securities held for trading are held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or are part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. These securities are classified in the 'other' business model and measured at FVPL.

SPPI: Where the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the company assesses whether the financial instruments' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest (the 'SPPI test'). In making this assessment, the company considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e. interest includes only consideration for the time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

The company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes. The reclassification takes place from the start of the first reporting period following the change. Such changes are expected to be very infrequent and none occurred during the period.

### **Interest income**

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of financial assets, except for:

- a) Purchased financial assets, for which the original credit-adjusted effective interest rate is applied to the amortized cost of the financial asset.
- b) Financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired (or 'stage 3'), for which interest revenue is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to their amortized cost (i.e. net of the expected credit loss provision).

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset (i.e. its amortized cost before any impairment allowance) or to the amortized cost of a financial liability. The calculation does not consider expected credit losses and includes transaction costs, premiums or discounts and fees and points paid or received that are integral to the effective interest rate, such as origination fees.

# **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

The company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in net gain/loss on fair value changes in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Gains and losses on equity investments at FVPL are included in the statement of profit or loss.

#### (ii) Impairment

The company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses (ECL) associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost and FVOCI. The company recognizes a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of money; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The measurement of the ECL allowance is an area that requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour (e.g. the likelihood of customers defaulting and the resulting losses). Explanation of the inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques used in measuring ECL, which also sets out key sensitivities of the ECL to changes in these elements.

A number of significant judgements are also required in applying the accounting requirements for me assuring ECL detailed information about the judgements and estimates made by the company.

#### (iii) Derecognition other than on a modification

Financial assets, or a portion thereof, are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the assets have expired, or when they have been transferred and either (i) the company transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, or (ii) the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and the company has not retained control. The company directly reduces the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

#### 2.04 Financial liabilities

## (i) Classification and subsequent measurement

In both the current and prior period, financial liabilities are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost, except for:

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: this classification is applied to derivatives, financial liabilities held for trading and other financial liabilities designated as such at initial recognition. Gains or losses on financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are presented partially in other comprehensive income (the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability, which is determined as the amount that is not attributable to changes in market conditions that give rise to market risk) and partially profit or loss (the remaining amount of change in the fair value of the liability). This is unless such a presentation would create, or enlarge, an accounting mismatch, in which case the gains and losses attributable to changes in the credit risk of the liability are also presented in profit or loss; and
- Financial liabilities arising from the transfer of financial assets which did not qualify for de-recognition, whereby a financial liability is recognized for the consideration received for the transfer. In subsequent periods, the company recognizes any expense incurred on the financial liability.

### (ii) Derecognition

Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

The exchange between the company and its original lenders of debt instruments with substantially different terms, as well as substantial modifications of the terms of existing financial liabilities, are accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 10% different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability. In addition, other qualitative factors, such as the currency that the instrument is denominated in, changes in the type of interest rate, new conversion features attached to the instrument and change in covenants are also taken into consideration. If an exchange of debt instruments or modification of terms is accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred are recognized as part of the gain or loss on the extinguishment. If the exchange or modification is not accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the liability and are amortized over the remaining term of the modified liability.

# 2.05 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recognized when (or as) the company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

When (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, the company recognizes as revenue the amount of the transaction price (excluding estimates of variable consideration) that is allocated to that performance obligation.

The company applies the five-step approach for recognition of revenue:

- Identification of contract(s) with customers;
- Identification of the separate performance obligations in the contract;
- Determination of transaction price;
- Allocation of transaction price to the separate performance obligations; and
- Recognition of revenue when (or as) each performance obligation is satisfied.
- (a) Income from brokerage and commission is booked on accrual basis.
- (b) Income from distribution and related activities, including marketing support activities are recognized as per mutual agreement.
- (c) Interest income is recognized applying the effective interest rate.
- (d) Dividend income is recognized in the statement of profit or loss on the date that the company's right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be reliably measured. This is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

## 2.06 Trade receivables

Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of consideration is due and the amount is billable.

#### 2.07 Income Tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### **Current tax**

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the company and its subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or subtantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if there is a resanoable certainity that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### 2.08 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the company as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

#### 2.09 Impairment of assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or Groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

### 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash at banks and on hand, cheques on hand, short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

### 2.11 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of noncash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

# 2.12 Property, plant and equipment's

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives & residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives or, in the case of certain leased furniture, fittings and equipment, the shorter lease term as follows:

The estimate useful lives for the different types of assets are:

Assets	Useful Life (Years)
Leasehold improvements	Primary period of lease
Office equipments	5
Furniture and fixtures	10
Data processing equipments	
(i) Servers and networks	6
(ii) End user devices (desktops, laptops, etc )	3

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognized in the statement of profit or loss

Assets costing up to Rs. 5,000 are fully depreciated at the time of acquisition.

#### 2.13 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recognized where it is probable that the future economic benefit attributable to the assets will flow to the company and its cost can be reliably measured. Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

Expenditure incurred on acquisition/development of intangible assets which are not put/ready to use at the reporting date is disclosed under intangible assets under development. The company amortizes intangible assets on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets commencing from the month in which the asset is first put to use. The company provides pro-rata depreciation from the day the asset is put to use.

#### 2.14 Off-setting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

# 2.15 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

### 2.16 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Asset

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

### **Contingent liabilities**

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events. Contingent liability is not recognised as it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with reliablity. Contingent Liabilities are not recognised but are disclosed in the financial statements.

## **Contingent assets**

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company. A contingent asset is not recognised however disclosed in the financial statements, if any.

#### 2.17 Employee benefits

### (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for salaries, including monetary and non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

#### (ii) Post-employment obligations

The company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) Gratuity; and
- (b) Provident fund.

#### **Defined Benefits plans**

#### Gratuity obligations

The liability or asset recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit or loss.

Re-measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in other equity in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognized immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

#### **Defined contribution plans**

Provident fund

The company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

# 2.18 Earnings per share

### (a) Basic earnings per share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus element in equity shares issued during the year (Note 29).

# (b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

# 2.19 Foreign currency translations

# **Initial recognition**

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

# Subsequent recognition

As at the reporting date, foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate and non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the initial transaction.

Exchange gains and losses arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the year or in previous financial statements are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

# 2.20 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees and all amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off upto the nearest thousand & zero decimals (as per the requirement of Schedule III) unless otherwise stated.

### 2.21 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the balance sheet and statement of profit or loss. The actual amounts realised may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

Information about significant areas of estimation/uncertainty and judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the financial statements are as follows:

- a) Estimation of deferred tax -Note 33
- b) Estimation of defined benefit obligation-Note 22
- c) Measurement of fair values and Expected Credit Loss (ECL)-Note 24

#### 2.22 Standard issued but not effective

On March 31, 2023, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023. This notification has resulted into amendments in the following existing accounting standards which are applicable to company from April 1, 2023.

- Ind AS 101 First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards
- Ind AS 102 Share-based Payment
- Ind AS 103 Business Combinations
- Ind AS 107 Financial Instruments Disclosures
- Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments
- Ind AS 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- Ind AS 12 Income Taxes
- Ind AS 34 Interim Financial Reporting

Application of above standards are not expected to have any significant impact on the company's financial statements.

₹ In Thousand

Note	3	_ '	Trade	receivab	les

Other Receivable

Particulars		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Unsecured			
Considered good		_	301
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk		3,158	3,045
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in create risk	_	3,158	3,346
Less : Allowance for doubtful debts		(3,158)	(3,045)
	Total _	-	301
Note 4 - Cash and cash equivalents			
		As at	As at
Particulars		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Cash and Cash equivalents			
Balance with banks in current accounts		1,800	1,461
	Total _	1,800	1,461
Note 5 - Current tax assets			
		As at	As at
Particulars		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Advance payment of tax and tax deducted at source		8	36
	Total _	8	36
Note 6 - Other current assets			
		As at	As at
Particulars		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
GST Receivable		3,733	3,946
Advance to vendors		22	609

3,755

Total

241

4,796

Note 3.1-Trade Receivables ageing schedule

(₹ in Thousands)

# As at March 31,2023

	Outstand						
Particulars	Less than 6	6	1-2 years	2 2 years	More than 3	Total	
	months	months	1-2 years	2-5 years	years	Total	
(1) Undisputed:							
(i) Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iii) Trade Receivables – credit impaired		-	3,158	-	-	-	
Less : Impairement Loss Allowances	-		(3,158)	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	

# As at March 31,2022

	Outstand					
Particulars	Less than 6	6	1-2 years	2 2 years	More than 3	Total
	months	months	1-2 years	2-3 years	years	TOtal
(1) Undisputed:						
(i) Trade receivables – considered good	301	-	-	-	-	301
(ii) Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	238	2,807	-	-	3,045
(iii) Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	238	2,807	-	-	
Less: Impairement Loss Allowances	-	(238)	(2,807)	-	-	(3,045)
Total	-	-	_	-	-	301

₹ In Thousand

# **Note 7 - Share Capital**

		As at March 31, 2023		As at Marcl	n <b>31, 202</b> 2
	_	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
AUTHORISED					
Equity Share Capital of ₹ 10 each		10,000	100	10,000	100
Preference Share Capital of ₹ 10 each		6,00,42,500	6,00,425	6,00,42,500	6,00,425
	Total =	6,00,52,500	6,00,525	6,00,52,500	6,00,525
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP					
Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up		10,000	100	10,000	100
	Total _	10,000	100	10,000	100

# Note:

# 1. Terms and rights attached to equity shares

### **Equity shares:**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after the distribution of preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity shares held by the shareholders.

# 2. The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding and the amount of share capital as at March 31, 2023 & March 31,2022 are set out below:

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Equity shares				
Number of shares at the beginning	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000
Add: Shares issued during the year				
Less: Redeemed during the year				
Number of shares at the year end	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000
3. The details of shareholders holding more than 5% of a class of shares:				
	As at March 31	, 2023	As at March	h 31, 2022
Particulars	No. of shares	% held	No. of shares	% held
Equity shares				
Reliance Capital Limited (holding company) and nominee shareholders	10,000	100	10,000	100
4. Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associa	tes			

	As at March 31	, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Shares held by holding company:				_
- Reliance Capital Limited and nominee shareholders	10,000	100	10,000	100

₹ In Thousand

# Note 8 - Other equity

Particulars		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022		
(i) Securities premium		41,085	41,085		
(ii) Capital Reserve		59,197	59,197		
(iii) Retained earnings		(7,01,208)	(7,15,306)		
(iv) Other comprehensive income		(661)	(588)		
	Total	(6,01,587)	(6,15,612)		

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
(i) Securities premium		<u> </u>	
Opening balance	41,085	41,085	
Add/(Less): Changes during the year	41,003	41,005	
Closing balances	41,085	41,085	
(ii) Capital Reserve			
Opening balance	59,197	59,197	
Add/(Less) : Changes during the year			
Closing balances	59,197	59,197	
(iii) Retained earnings			
Opening balance	(7,15,306)	(7,15,371)	
Add: Profit/ (Loss) during the year	14,098	65	
Closing balances	(7,01,208)	(7,15,306)	
(iv) Other comprehensive income			
Opening balance	(588)	(550)	
Add : Other comprehensive income for the year	(73)	(38)	
Closing balances	(661)	(588)	

# Nature and purpose of reserve

# (a) Securities premium

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

# (b) Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve raised on account of demerger scheme.

# (c) Retained earnings

Retained earnings represents accumulated deficated in statement of profit & loss.

# (d) Other comprehensive income

Other comprehensive income represents recoginations of gain / (loss) on post retirement employee benefit plan.

₹ In Thousand

Note 9 - Long term borrowings

Particulars	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
11% Non Convertible Non Cumulative Non-Participating Redeemable Preference Shares	2,50,000	2,50,000	
12% Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (NCCRP)	3,50,000	3,50,000	
Total	6,00,000	6,00,000	

#### Notes:

### (A) 11% The Non- Convertible Non- Cumulative Non-Participating Redeemable Preference Shares (NCNCNPS)

The NCNCNPS shall be redeemed at par i.e. ₹ 10/- per share. The NCNCNPS shall normally be redeemed on expiry of 10 years from the date of allotment i.e. May 03, 2016 of NCNCNPS. The NCNCNPS will be redeemed on the redemption date against the surrender of the duly discharged share certificates and other supporting documents as may be required by the Company. However, the Company and the NCNCNPS holder shall have a right to redeem the NCNCNPS before the redemption date as the Board of Directors may deem fit and the Company obtaining the requisite approvals for the same. In the event of redemption of NCNCNPS on receipt / surrender of duly discharged share certificates and other supporting documents as may be required by the Company and the Company obtaining the requisite approvals for the redemption, redemption proceeds shall be paid within seven days from the date of receipt of complete documents and the requisite approvals for redemption.

The NCNCNPS holders shall be entitled to such rights and privileges as are available to them under the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modifications or re-enactments as may be in force from time to time and the Rules made there under.

# (B) 12% Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (NCCRPS)

The NCCRPS shall be redeemed at par i.e. ₹10/- per share. The NCCRPS shall normally be redeemed on expiry of 10 years from the date of allotment i.e. September 29, 2015 of NCCRPS. The NCCRPS will be redeemed on the redemption date against the surrender of the duly discharged share certificates and other supporting documents as may be required by the Company. However, the Company and the NCCRPS holder shall have a right to redeem the NCCRPS before the redemption date as the Board of Directors may deem fit and the Company obtaining the requisite approvals for the same. In the event of redemption of NCCRPS on receipt / surrender of duly discharged share certificates and other supporting documents as may be required by the Company and the Company obtaining the requisite approvals for the redemption, redemption proceeds shall be paid within seven days from the date of receipt of complete documents and the requisite approvals for redemption.

The NCCRPS holders shall be entitled to such rights and privileges as are available to them under the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modifications or re-enactments as may be in force from time to time and the Rules made there under.

Note	10	- 1	Borr	owi	nøs
INOLE	TO	- 1	DOI I	UVVI	IIES

Danklandana	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Unsecured		
Inter Corporate Deposit		
- From related parties	5,150	5,150
	al 5,150	5,150
Note 11 - Trade payables		
Destination	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2023	
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		- 149
		- 149
Tota	al -	149

₹ In Thousand

# Note 12 - Other financial liabilities

Particulars		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
- From Others 0% Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares		415	415
	Total	415	415

#### Notes

### **0% Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares**

Preference shares carries no voting and dividend right. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of preference shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of preference shares held by the shareholders.

These preference shares are either redeemable or convertible on or before 10 years from the date of allotment i.e. March 28, 2012.(Refer Note 33)

In case of conversion, each Optionally Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares will be converted into equity share at fair value to be determined by the independent valuer, discounted at mutually agreed rate.

### Note 13 - Provisions

Particulars	M	As at larch 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Provision for gratuity		153	67
	Total	153	67

# Note 14 - Other current liabilities

Particulars		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Payable to employees		-	244
Provision for expenses		853	889
Statutory liabilities		62	66
Other payables		-	15,126
Interest Accrued and Due		417	-
	Total	1,332	16,325

Note 11.1-Trade Payable ageing schedule

(₹ in Thousands)

# As at March 31,2023

	Outstanding for following periods from due dat				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
I-MSME	-	-	-	-	-
II-Others	4	-	-	145	149
III-Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-
IV-Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

# As at March 31,2022

	Outstanding for following periods from due dat				
Particulars	Less than 1	1-2	2-3 years	More than	Total
	year	years		3 years	
I-MSME	-	-	-	-	-
II-Others	4	-	-	145	149
III-Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-
IV-Disputed dues - Others	_	-	-	-	-

# Reliance Money Services Private Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited) Statement of profit and loss for the Year ended March 31, 2023

₹ In Thousand

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023		Year ended March 31, 2022
Brokerage and commission Income from distribution and related activities		- 1,650	1,500 2,051
	Total _	1,650	3,551

# Note 16 - Other income

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023		Year ended March 31, 2022
Interest on income tax refund		2	167
Liability written back		15,484	99
	Total _	15,486	266

# Note 17 - Employee benefit expenses

Particulars		Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2023	
Salaries, bonus & allowances		1,500	1,879
Contribution to provident fund and other funds		78	88
Staff welfare expenses		-	146
	Total	1,578	2,113

# Note 18 - Finance costs

Particulars		Year ended	
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit		464	460
	Total	464	460

# Note 19 - Other expenses

Particulars		Year ended	Year ended	
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Payment to auditors				
- as Statutory audit fees		100	100	
Bank charges		7	10	
Legal and professional charges		168	457	
Provision for doubtful debts		113	356	
Travelling and conveyance expenses		-	19	
Rates and taxes		105	69	
Software expenses		509	540	
Miscellaneous expenses		-	8	
	Total	1,002	1,559	

Note: 20 Disclosure in accordance with Ind-AS 24 Related party transactions for the year ended March 2023

# (A) Parties by whom control exists during the period

Reliance Capital Limited\* Holding Company

(B) Fellow subsidiaries

Reliance Securities Limited\*

Reliance Commodities Limited\*

Reliance Financial Limited\*

Reliance General Insurance Co Ltd

Reliance Nippon Life Insurance Company Limited

Quant Capital Private Limited

Fellow subsidiary

Fellow subsidiary

Fellow subsidiary

(C) Key management personnel

Directors of the Company\* Mr. Sanjay Sharma (w.e.f. 15th April 2022)

Mr. Amit Agrawal (Till 15th April 2022)

Mr. Arun Shivaraman Kumar (w.e.f 05 November 2022)

Non-executive Director \* Ms. Asha Garg

Chief Financial Officer\* Mr. Santosh Kumar Bhandari

Company Secretary\* Mr. Tejas Wagh

Manager\* Mr. Niraj Kumar Anand

Note: \* No transaction taken place during the year ended March 31,2023

(₹ in thousand)

(E) Transactions with related parties during the year :

Notice of Transaction	Holding	Holding Company		bsidiaries	Key Manage	ment Personel
Nature of Transaction	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
Unsecured loan (Inter Corporate Loan)						
Quant Capital Private Limited						
Opening Balance	-	-	5,150	4,750	-	-
Loan taken during the year	-	-	-	400	-	-
Loan repaid during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance Payable	-	-	5,150	5,150	-	-
Maximum outstanding during the year	-	-	5,150	5,150	-	-
Expenditures						
Interest Expense						
Quant Capital Private Limited	-	-	464	460	-	-
Medical Insurance						
Reliance General Insurance Company Limited	-	-	-	78	-	-
Employee Life insurance expenses						
Reliance Nippon Life Insurance Company Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-
Director Sitting Fee						
Ashok Karnavat	-	-	-	-	-	20
Other Payments/expenditures						
Reliance Securities Limited	-	-	59	-	-	-
Receivable / (Payable)						
Reliance General Insurance Company Limited	-	-	-	(78)	-	-

# (F) Terms & conditions

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions.

All outstanding balances are unsecured and are repayable in cash.

(₹ in thousand)

### Note 21- Employee Benefits

The Company has classified the various benefits provided to employees as under:

#### A. Defined Contribution Plans:

The Company has a defined contribution plan in respect of provident fund. Contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees at the rate of 12% of basic salary as per regulations. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the Government. The obligation of the group is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund (Included in 'Contribution to provident and other funds' under Employee Benefits Expense)	78	88

# **B. Defined Benefit Plans:**

Gratuity and Leave Encashment:

The employees' gratuity fund scheme managed by a Trust (Reliance Securities Limited Employees Gratuity Assurance Scheme) is a defined benefit plan. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation. The obligation for leave encashment is recognised in the same manner as gratuity.

	Gratuity Benefits (Funded)		
I. Change in present value of obligation:	As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 20		
Present value of obligations at the beginning of the year	86	256	
Interest Cost	6	11	
Current Service Cost	9	19	
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	72	40	
Liability for Transferred In / (out)	-	-	
Benefit Paid From Fund	-	(240)	
Present value of obligations at the end of the year	173	86	

	Gratuity Benefits (Funded)		
II. Change in the fair value of Plan Assets :	As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 202		
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the year	20	46	
Expected Return on Plan Assets	1	2	
Contributions	-	210	
Benefit Paid	-	(240)	
Actuarial gain/(loss) on Plan Assets	(1)	2	
Assets Transferred In/(out)	-	-	
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	20	20	

# **Reliance Money Services Private Limited**

# (Formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

III. Reconciliation of present value of obligation and fair value of assets :	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2021
Liability at the end of the year	173	86
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year (Asset) / Liability Recognised in the Balance Sheet	20 <b>153</b>	20

## Included under provisions' (Refer Note 13)

III. Expenses recognised during the year :	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Current Service Cost	9	19
Interest Cost	6	11
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(1)	(2)
Expense Recognised in statement of profit and loss	14	28

(₹ in thousand)

Particulars	Gratuity Benefits (Funded)		
IV. Amount recorded in Other comprehensive Income (OCI)	As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 20		
Remeasurments during the year due to	Widicii 31, 2023	Waren 31, 2022	
-changes in financial assumptions	-	-	
-Experience adjustments	-	-	
-Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period	72	40	
-Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(1)	2	
Amount recognised in OCI during the year	73		

V. Investment details :	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Total value of investments for employees gratuity fund scheme is managed by insurance company	-	-

VI. Assumptions :	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	7.000	6.0497
Discount Rate (per annum)	7.39%	6.84%
Rate of Return on Plan Assets	7.39%	6.84%
Salary Escalation	6.00%	6.00%
Rate of Employee Turnover	For 0 yrs to 4 yrs 47.00 % p.a. & 5% thereafter	For 0 yrs to 4 yrs 47.00 % p.a. & 5% thereafter
	Indian Assured Lives Mortality	Indian Assured Lives Mortality
Mortality Rate During Employment	(2012-14)Urb	(2012-14)Urb
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A	N.A
	l .	1

VII Particulars of amounts for the year and previous years	Gratuity for the year ended March 31,					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Present value of obligations at the end of the year	173	86	256	694	585	438
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	20	20	46	155	468	262
Excess of obligation Over plan asset	153	66	210	539	118	177
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liability (Gain)/Loss	72	40	69	332	57	93
Actuarial Gain /(Loss) due to Plan Asset	-1	2	8	(10)	9	(4)

The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary.

#### C. Sensitivity analysis:

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumption is:

			Impact on defined benefit obligation			
	Change in assumption		Increase in assumption		Decrease in assumption	
	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Discount Rate	1.00%	1.00%	(17)	(6)	20	7
Salary growth rate	1.00%	1.00%	20	6	(17)	(6)
Employee Turnover	1.00%	1.00%	2	1	(3)	(1)

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet.

period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet.

The methods and types of assumptions used un preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior year.

# (D) Major Category of Plan Asset as a % of total Plan Assets

Category of Assets (% Allocation)	As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2023 (Amour	As at March 31, 2022
Insurer managed funds Total	100.00% 100.00%		20	19 <b>19</b>

### (Formerly known as Reliance Money Solutions Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

#### (E) Risk exposure

Through its defined benefit plans, the group is exposed to a number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

#### Asset volatility

The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to bond yields; if plan assets underperform this yield, this will create a deficit. The gratuity fund is administered through Reliance Nippoin Life Insurance Ltd. (insurer) under its group gratuity scheme. Accordingly almost the entire plan asset investments is maintained by the insurer. These are subject to interest rate risk which is managed by the insurer.

#### Changes in bond yields

A decrease in bond yields will increase plan liabilities, although this will be partially offset by an increase in the value of the plans' assets maintained by the insurer.

The gratuity fund is administered through insurer under its Group Gratuity Scheme. Unique advantage of this scheme is that contribution made by the Company and interest credited by insurer are irreversible. This ensures higher level of safety for the total corpus and consistency in future contribution. The total corpus comprising of money contributed by the Company and the interest credited by insurer is available for claim settlements to 100% subject to availability of funds. On the exit of the employees due to retirement/death/resignation the gratuity trust makes a claim on insuere which is then paid to the employees after receipt of such claim. The investment risk in this case is not borne by the Company.

#### (F) Defined benefit liability and employer contribution

 $The \ Company \ generally \ eliminates \ the \ deficit \ in \ the \ defined \ benefit \ gratuity \ plan \ with \ in \ next \ one \ year.$ 

Expected contribution to the post employment benefit plan (Gratuity) for the year ending March 31, 2024 are Rs. 49 thousand.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 13 years.

 $The \ expected \ maturity \ analysis \ of \ undiscounted \ post \ employment \ benefit \ plan \ (gratuity) \ is \ as \ follows:$ 

Particulars	Less than a year	Between 1-2 years	Between 2-5 years	Over 5 years	Total
March 31, 2023					
Defined benefit obligation (gratuity)	10	10	32	403	455
March 31, 2022					
Defined benefit obligation (gratuity)	5	5	10	195	215

(₹ in thousand)

Note 22 - Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

(₹ in thousand)

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

		As at March 31, 2023			As at March 31, 2022	
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	-	#REF!	#REF!	-	#REF!	#REF!
Other intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets						
(a) Other Financial assets	_	_	_	_	#REF!	#REF!
Other non-current assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current assets Financial assets (a) Cash and cash equivalents (b) Trade receivables	1,800	<u>.</u>	1,800	1,461 301	<u>-</u>	1,461 301
(c) Other Financial Assets	-	-	- -	-	- -	- 301
Non-financial Assets Current tax assets (Net) Other current assets	- 3,755	8 -	8 3,755	- - 4,796	- 36 -	- 36 4,796
Total assets	5,555	#REF!	#REF!	6,558	#REF!	#REF!
Non-current liabilities Financial liabilities i. Borrowings (Preference Shares) Other non-current liabilities  Current liabilities Financial liabilities	-	6,00,000 -	6,00,000 -		6,00,000 -	6,00,000 -
i.Borrowings						
a.Inter Corporate Deposit	5,150	-	5,150	5,150	-	5,150
ii. Trade payables	-	-	-	149	-	149
iii. Other Financial liabilities	415	-	415	415	-	415
Provisions	153	-	153	67	-	67
Other current liabilities	1,332	-	1,332	16,325	-	16,325
Total liabilities	7,050	6,00,000	6,07,051	22,106	6,00,000	6,22,106
Net	(1,495)	#REF!	#REF!	(15,548)	#REF!	#REF!

#### 23 Financial risk management

A The Company's activities expose it credit risk and liquidity risk. In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the company, it moniters, measure and manage the risk as per below matrix:

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade and	Aging analysis, credit ratings	Diversification of bank
	other receivables, financial assets		deposits, credit limits and
	measured at amortised cost		regular monitoring
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, subordinated liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committied
	(Preference Shares)		credit lines, borrowing
			facilities, Asset liability
			measurement

#### 23.1 Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers.

#### Trade receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate.

#### (a) Expected credit loss mesurment :-

A default on a trade receivables is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 180 days days of when they fall due in case of third party distribution business clients. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which Company operates and other macro-economic factors.

The Company has established an allowance for impairment that represents its expected credit losses in respect of trade receivables. The management uses a simplified approach "180 days past due for the purpose of computation of expected credit loss for trade receivables. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date and impairment allowance is provide for amounts outstanding more than 180 days from billing date for trade receivables. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as below.

Reconciliation of loss allowance provision:

Reconciliation or loss allowance provision:	T I
Particulars	Amount
Loss allowance as on March 31, 2021	2,689
changes in loss allowance	356
Loss allowance as on March 31, 2022	3,045
changes in loss allowance	113
Loss allowance as on March 31, 2023	3,158

# Cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and other deposits with banks are limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by external credit rating agencies, accordingly the Company considers that the related credit risk is low.

# 23.2 Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

### Analysis of financial assets and liabilities by remaining contractual maturities.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2023. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

(₹ in thousand) 3 to 12 Contractual maturities of assets and liabilities On demand Less than 3 months 1 to 5 years Over 5 years Total months Current assets Financial assets i. Trade receivables ii. Cash and cash equivalents 1.800 1,800 Total financial assets 1,800 1,800 Non-current liabilities Financial liabilities i. Borrowings- (Preference Shares) 6,00,000 6,00,000 **Current liabilities** i.Borrowings a.Inter Corporate Deposit 5,150 5,150 ii. Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises ii. Other financial liabilities 415 415 6,05,565 Total financial liabilities 5.150 6,00,000

As at March 31, 2022						(₹ in thousand)
Contractual maturities of assets and liabilities	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Current assets	1	'	1		'	
Financial assets	1	1	1		'	1
i. Trade receivables	· '	301	1 - '	- '	-	301
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	1,461	-	-	-	-	1,461
Total financial assets	1,461	301	-	-	-	1,762
Non-current liabilities	'	'	1		'	
Financial liabilities	1	1	1	'	'	1
i. Borrowings- (Preference Shares)	· '	-	-	- '	6,00,000	6,00,000
Current liabilities	1	1	1	1	'	1
Financial liabilities	1	1	1	1	'	1
i.Borrowings	í '	1	1		'	1
a.Inter Corporate Deposit	5150	1	1		'	5,150
ii. Trade payables	- '	-	1 - '	- '	-	1
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	- '	-	- '	-	-	-
	1	'	1	'	'	1
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	149	-	-	-	149
ii. Other financial liabilities	-	415	-	-	-	415
	<del></del> '	<u> </u>	<b></b> '		<u> </u> '	<b></b>
Total financial liabilities	5,150	564	-	-	6,00,000	6,05,714

# B Capital management

# Risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The capital of the Company consist of equity capital and accumulated profits. The Company avails borrowings only for day to day working capital requirement for daily core business operations.

The company has not paid dividend in last two year to equity stock holders of the company.

# Note 24 - Fair value measurements

a) Financial instruments by category (₹ in thousand)

	March	31, 2023	March	March 31, 2022	
Particulars	FVPL	Amortised cost	FVPL	Amortised cost	
Non-current assets					
Financial assets					
i. Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	
Current assets					
Financial assets					
i. Trade receivables	-	-	-	301	
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,800	-	1,461	
iii. Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-	
Total assets	-	1,800	-	1,762	
Non-current liabilities					
Financial liabilities					
i. Borrowings	-	6,00,000	-	6,00,000	
Current liabilities					
Financial liabilities					
i. Borrowings					
a.Inter Corporate Deposit	-	5,150	-	5,150	
ii. Trade payables	-	-	-	149	
iii. Other Financial liabilities	-	415	-	415	
Total liabilities	-	6,05,565	-	6,05,714	

### b) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

(₹ in thousand)

Particulars	As at March 3	31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Particulars	Carrying Value	Fair value	Carrying Value	Fair value
Non-current assets				
Financial assets				
i. Other financial assets	-	-	-	-
Current assets				
Financial assets				
i. Trade receivables	-	-	301	301
ii. Cash and cash equivalents	1,800	1,800	1,461	1,461
iii. Other Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	1,800	1,800	1,762	1,762
Non-current liabilities Financial liabilities				
i. Borrowings	6,00,000	6,00,000	6,00,000	6,00,000
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
i. Borrowings				
Inter Corporate Deposit	5,150	5,150	5,150	5,150
ii. Trade payables	-	-	149	149
iii. Other Financial liabilities	415	415	415	415
Total financial liabilities	6,05,565	6,05,565	6,05,714	6,05,714

For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term maturity (less than twelve months), the carrying amounts, which are net of impairment, are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Such instruments include: Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits and trade payables, borrowings. Such amounts have been classified as Level 3 on the basis that no adjustments have been made to the balances in the balance sheet.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

(₹ in thousand)

# 25 Contingent Liabilities

### Unpaid and undeclared dividend on preference shares (includes dividend distribution tax)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
12% Non-Convertible Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares (NCCRPS)*	3,26,868	2,84,868

<sup>\*</sup> As the company has accumulated losses, the company has not provided for the dividend on thease instrument in the financial statements.

### 26 Segment Information for the year ended March 31, 2023

The Company is into distribution of financial products and related activities. As the Company is engaged only in one business segment and there are no geographical segments, the Balance Sheet for the year ended March 31, 2023, and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2023 pertain to one business segment and related activities as per Ind AS 108 on Operating Segment"

#### 27 Note for Going Concern

The Holding company (Reliance Capital Limited) has been admitted under the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) effective from December 6, 2021 and as stipulated under Section 20 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), it is incumbent upon the Administrator (exercising same powers as Resolution Professional under the Code duly appointed by the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai) to manage the operations of the Company as a going concern. Accordingly, the Standalone financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023, have been prepared on going concern basis. However, the company has reported negative net worth as at March 31, 2023.

# 28 Earnings per share

	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Earning per share from Continuning operations		
Net Profit/ (Loss) after tax as per statement of profit and loss	14,098	65
Less: 12% Dividend on NCCRPS [including dividend tax thereon (not declared)]	(42,000)	(42,000)
Loss attributable to equity shareholders	(27,902)	(41,935)
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	10,000	10,000
Nominal value per equity share	10	10
Basic and diluted earnings per share (Amount in ₹)	(2.79)	(4.19)

### Note:

Number of equity shares to be issued upon conversion of 0% Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares are not known at this stage since the conversion ratio will be mutually decided by the company and the preference shareholders at the time of conversion, hence the basic and the diluted earning per share is same.

# 29 Components of cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
In current accounts Cash in hand Cheque in hand	1,800 - -	1,461 - -
	1,800	1,461

# 30 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure

On account of inadequate average net profits in immediately preceding three years, the company is not required to pay any amount towards corporate social responsibility as defined under section 135 of Companies Act 2013.

### Note: 31 Income Tax

# a) The components of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 are:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Current Tax		
Current tax on profit for the year	-	-
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(6)	(380)
Total	(6)	(380)

# b) Deferred tax assets/liabilities

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Carry forward losses	21,483	24,926
Unabsorbed depreciation	1,090	1,234
Provisions	1,048	1,007
Net deferred tax liability/ (asset)	23,621	27,167

Note: As a matter of prudence the company had decided not to recognise Deferred tax assets (net) in books of accounts.

# c) Reconciliation of the total tax charge

The tax charge shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax charge that would apply if all profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 is, as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Profit before tax (B)	14,092	(315)
Tax/ (benefit) at the Indian tax rate of 25.17% (March 31, 2022 : 25.17%)	3,547	(82)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable)		
Temporary Difference on which no Deferred tax assets has been created	(3,547)	82
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(6)	(380)
Income tax expenses at effective tax rate (A)	(6)	(380)
Effective tax rate (A)/(B)	-0.05%	120.63%

### 32 Additional notes as per revised schedule III amended effective from April 01, 2021

I Details of Immovable Properties whose title deeds are not held in name of the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee).

Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative# of promoter*/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company (also indicate if in dispute)
			NIL			

### II Revaluation of Intangible assets and/or PPE (including Right-of-Use Assset) and Fair Value of Investment Property

The Company has not revalued its Intangible assets and PPE (including Right-of-Use Assset) during the year. The fair value of investment property is based on the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017.

### III Loans or Advances granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties

No Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.

# (V Capital Work-in-progress: i) CWIP Ageing Schedule ii) CWIP copmletion schedule

CWIP aging schedule					
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total*
Projects in progress					_
Projects temporarily					
suspended			NIL		

<sup>\*</sup>Total shall tally with CWIP amount in the balance sheet

CWIP completion schedule

CTTAL COMPLECTION SCH	<u>cuaic</u>			
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years
	•	•	•	
		NIL		

# V Intangible assets under development:

# (i) Intangible assets under development aging schedule

Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total*
Projects in progress					
Projects temporarily					
suspended			NIL		

<sup>\*</sup> Total shall tally with the amount of Intangible assets under development in the balance sheet.

# (ii) Intangible assets under development completion schedule \*\*

Intangible assets under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years
		NIL		

<sup>\*\*</sup>Details of projects where activity has been suspended shall be given separately.

# The company does not have any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988)

VII The company does not have any borrowings from banks or financial institution on security of current assets and accordingly, no question of willfull defaulter applicable to the company during the year.

# VIII Information in respect of transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of companies Act, 2013.

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
	NII		

- IX No cases of charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- X The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of
- XI The company doesn't not have any arrangement in terms of section 230 to 237 of companies act 2013
- XII The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other persons or entities, including foreign entities/Intermediaries during the year.
- XIII The company has not recorded in the books of accounts, that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

# XIV Details in respect of CSR Activities

Particulars	(₹ thousands)
(a) amount required to be spent during the year	
(b) amount of expenditure incurred	
(c) shortfall at the end of the year	
(d) total of previous years shortfall	
(e) reason for shortfall	Nil
(f) nature of CSR activities	1
(g) details of related party transactions	
(h) If provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering	
into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the	
year shall be shown separately	

XV Details pertaining to Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

Particulars	(₹ thousands)
(a) profit or loss on transactions involving Crypto currency or Virtual Currency	
(b) amount of currency held	Nil
(c) deposits or advances from any person for the purpose of trading or investing in Crypto Currency or virtual currency	

# (XVI) Key Financial Ratios

I. Current ratio	0
------------------	---

VI.Net profit ratio

Particulars         As at March 31,2023         Variance           Current Assets         301         301         1         1         301         1	I. Current ratio			
Current Assets         301           Cash and bank balances         1,800         1,461           Cash and bank balances         1,800         1,461           Other current sasets         3,755         6,558           Total Current Assets (A)         5,555         6,558           Current Liabilities         1,900         16,807           Chrade payable         1,900         16,807           Corrent Liabilities         1,900         16,807           Borrowings         5,150         5,150           Total Current Liabilities (B)         7,000         22,106           Current ratio (A/B)         0.79         0.3         165,600           Ill. Return on Equity Ratio         As at March 31,2022         March 31,2022         Variance           Net profit (A)         14,025         2.7         Shareholder equity (B)         (6,01,487)         (5,15,512)         Creating Receivables turnover ratio         As at March 31,2022         Variance         As at March 31,2023         Variance         As at March 31,2023         Variance         As at March 31,2022         Variance         As at March 31,2023         As at March 31,2022         Variance         As at March 31,2023         As at March 31,2022         Variance         As at March 31,2022         Variance         <		As at	As at	
Table receivables         . 301           Cash and bank balances         1,800         1,461           Other current assets         3,755         6,558           Total Current Assets (A)         5,555         6,558           Current Liabilities         1,900         16,807           Other current liabilities         1,900         16,807           Borrowings         5,150         5,150           Total Current Liabilities (B)         7,050         22,106           Current ratio (A/B)         0,79         0,30         165,60%           Return on Equity Ratio         Interest of March 31,202         Variance           Particulars         48 at March 31,2023         March 31,2022         Variance           Net profit (A)         14,025         2,7         Shareholder equity (B)         (6,01,487)         (6,15,512)         Variance           Interest uno Equity (A/B)         (0,02)         0,000         - <th>Particulars</th> <th>March 31, 2023</th> <th>March 31, 2022</th> <th>Variance</th>	Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Variance
Table receivables         . 301           Cash and bank balances         1,800         1,461           Other current assets         3,755         6,558           Total Current Assets (A)         5,555         6,558           Current Liabilities         1,900         16,807           Other current liabilities         1,900         16,807           Borrowings         5,150         5,150           Total Current Liabilities (B)         7,050         22,106           Current ratio (A/B)         0,79         0,30         165,60%           Return on Equity Ratio         Interest of March 31,202         Variance           Particulars         48 at March 31,2023         March 31,2022         Variance           Net profit (A)         14,025         2,7         Shareholder equity (B)         (6,01,487)         (6,15,512)         Variance           Interest uno Equity (A/B)         (0,02)         0,000         - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Cash and bank balances (Other current assets (A)         1,800         1,461         Check (Current Assets (A)         6,555         4,796         Check (A)         6,555         4,796         Check (A)         6,555         Current Liabilities         149         Check (A)				
Other Current Assets (A)         3,755         6,755         6,755         7,755         6,755         7,		-		
Current Liabilities         Total payable         149         150				
Current Liabilities         149           Other current liabilities         1,900         16,87         1,500         1,515         2,150         2,15				-
Tade payable Other current liabilities (and provings)         1,900 (a,87) (a,87	Total Current Assets (A)	5,555	6,558	
Tade payable Other current liabilities (and provings)         1,900 (a,87) (a,87	Current Liabilities			
Other current liabilities (B)         1,900 (Borrowing)         16,807 (Borrowing)         1,000 (Borrowing)         1,000 (Borrowing)         1,000 (Borrowing)         22,106           Current ratio (A/B)         0.79 (0.00)         165.60%           I.Return on Equity Ratio         As at March 31, 2023 (Borrowing)         Variance           Net profit (A)         14,025 (6.15,512)         27           Shareholder equity (B)         (6.01,487) (6.15,512)         -           Return on Equity (A/B)         (6.01,487) (6.15,512)         -           II.Trade Receivables turnover ratio         As at March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 (March 21, 2022)         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A)         1,650 (A.5)         3,551 (A.5)         -           Average Trade receivables (B)         10.96 (A.5)         3,551 (A.5)         -         -           V.Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B)         10.96 (A.5)         3,044 (A.132) (March 31, 2022 (March 21, 2022)         -         -           Operating expenses (A)         3,044 (A.132) (March 31, 2022 (March 21, 2022)         - </td <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>149</td> <td></td>		_	149	
Bornowings Total Current Liabilities (8)         5,150 (2,105)         5,150 (2,2105)           Current ratio (A/8)         0.79 (0.00)         165,00%           I.Return on Equity Ratio         As at March 31, 2023 (0.00)         Variance           Net profit (A)         14,025 (0.01,437)         2.7 <t< td=""><td></td><td>1 900</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		1 900		
Total Current Liabilities (B)         7,050         22,106           Current ratio (A/B)         0.79         0.30         165.60%           II.Return on Equity Ratio         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance           Net profit (A)         14,025         27         Shareholder equity (B)         (6,01,487)         (6,15,512)         Feature on Equity (A/B)         As at As a				
Current ratio (A/B)         0.79         0.30         165.60%           II.Return on Equity Ratio         As at March 31, 2023         As at As at March 31, 2022         Variance           Net profit (A)         14,025         2.7	_			-
II.Return on Equity Ratio		1,555	,	
Net profit (A)	Current ratio (A/B)	0.79	0.30	165.60%
Net profit (A)				
Particulars         March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           Net profit (A)         14,025         27         Shareholder equity (B)         (6,15,512)         Shareholder equity (A/B)         (6,01,487)         (6,15,512)         Shareholder equity (A/B)         (0.02)         (0.00)	II.Return on Equity Ratio			
Net profit (A)         14,025 (6,1,487)         27 (6,15,512)           Shareholder equity (B)         (6,01,487)         (6,15,512)         -           Return on Equity (A/B)         (0.02)         (0.00)         -           III.Trade Receivables turnover ratio         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A)         1,650         3,551         3,551         4         4         4         20.04%         1.650         3,551         4         20.04%         1.650         3,551         4         20.04%         1.650         3,551         4         20.04%		As at	As at	
Return on Equity (A/B)         (6,01,487)         (6,15,512)         Return on Equity (A/B)         (0.02)         (0.00)         -           III.Trade Receivables turnover ratio           As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A)         1,650         3,551         3,551         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance         As at March 31, 2022         As at	Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Variance
Return on Equity (A/B)         (6,01,487)         (6,15,512)         Return on Equity (A/B)         (0.02)         (0.00)         -           III.Trade Receivables turnover ratio           As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A)         1,650         3,551         3,551         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance         As at March 31, 2022         As at				
Return on Equity (A/B)         (0.02)         (0.00)         0.000         -           III.Trade Receivables turnover ratio         As at March 31, 2023         As at As at March 31, 2022         Variance           Particulars         1,650         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,551         3,044         3,045         3,048         3,048         4,132         3,048         3,048         4,132         3,048         4,132         3,048         4,132         3,048         4,132         3,048         4,132         4,132         3,048         4,132         4,132         3,048         4,132 </td <td>Net profit (A)</td> <td>14,025</td> <td>27</td> <td></td>	Net profit (A)	14,025	27	
III.Trade Receivables turnover ratio   As at   As at   March 31, 2023   March 31, 2022   Variance	Shareholder equity (B)	(6,01,487)	(6,15,512)	
III.Trade Receivables turnover ratio   As at   As at   March 31, 2023   March 31, 2022   Variance				
Particulars         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A) Average Trade receivables (B)         1,650         3,551         259           Trade Receivables turnover ratio (A/B)         10.96         13.71         -20.04%           V.Trade payables turnover ratio         As at March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           Operating expenses (A) Average Trade payable (B)         3,044         4,132         44.132         44.132         44.132         44.132         46.35% <t< td=""><td>Return on Equity (A/B)</td><td>(0.02)</td><td>(0.00)</td><td></td></t<>	Return on Equity (A/B)	(0.02)	(0.00)	
Particulars         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2023         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A) Average Trade receivables (B)         1,650         3,551         259           Trade Receivables turnover ratio (A/B)         10.96         13.71         -20.04%           V.Trade payables turnover ratio         As at March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           Operating expenses (A) Average Trade payable (B)         3,044         4,132         44.132         44.132         44.132         44.132         46.35% <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
Particulars         March 31, 2023         March 31, 2023         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A) Average Trade receivables (B)         1,650         3,551         259           Trade Receivables turnover ratio (A/B)         10.96         13.71         -20.04%           IV.Trade payables turnover ratio         As at As at As at March 31, 2023         March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           operating expenses (A) Average Trade payable (B)         3,044         4,132         46.35%           Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B)         40.86         27.92         46.35%           V.Net capital turnover ratio         As at As at As at As at March 31, 2022         March 31, 2022         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A) Shareholder equity (B)         1,650         3,551         4,132	III.Trade Receivables turnover ratio		A 1	
Total Revenue from operation (A) Average Trade receivables (B)         1,650 151 259         3,551 259           Trade Receivables turnover ratio (A/B)         10.96         13.71 -20.04%           IV.Trade payables turnover ratio         As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance           Operating expenses (A) Average Trade payable (B)         3,044 75 148         4,132 75 148           Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B)         40.86 27.92 46.35%           V.Net capital turnover ratio         As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A) Shareholder equity (B)         1,650 3,551 (6,15,512)	Doublesslave			Variance
Average Trade receivables (B)         151         259           Trade Receivables turnover ratio (A/B)         10.96         13.71         -20.04%           N.Trade payables turnover ratio           Particulars         As at March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           Operating expenses (A) Average Trade payable (B)         3,044         4,132         44.35%           Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B)         40.86         27.92         46.35%           V.Net capital turnover ratio         As at March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A) Shareholder equity (B)         1,650         3,551         56,15,512	Particulars	Warch 31, 2023	Warch 51, 2022	Variance
Average Trade receivables (B)         151         259           Trade Receivables turnover ratio (A/B)         10.96         13.71         -20.04%           N.Trade payables turnover ratio           Particulars         As at March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           Operating expenses (A) Average Trade payable (B)         3,044         4,132         44.35%           Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B)         40.86         27.92         46.35%           V.Net capital turnover ratio         As at March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A) Shareholder equity (B)         1,650         3,551         56,15,512	Total Revenue from operation (A)	1 650	3 551	
Trade Receivables turnover ratio (A/B)         10.96         13.71         -20.04%           IV.Trade payables turnover ratio         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance           Aparticulars         3,044         4,132         <			·	
IV.Trade payables turnover ratio   As at   As at   As at   As at   March 31, 2023   March 31, 2022   Variance	, we age made reservasies (b)	131	233	
IV.Trade payables turnover ratio   As at   As at   As at   As at   March 31, 2023   March 31, 2022   Variance	Trade Receivables turnover ratio (A/B)	10.96	13.71	-20.04%
As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  operating expenses (A) 3,044 4,132 Average Trade payable (B) 75 148  Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B) 40.86 27.92 46.35%  V.Net capital turnover ratio  As at As at As at As at As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  Total Revenue from operation (A) 1,650 3,551 Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)				
Particulars         March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           operating expenses (A)         3,044         4,132	IV.Trade payables turnover ratio			
operating expenses (A) 3,044 4,132 Average Trade payable (B) 75 148  Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B) 40.86 27.92 46.35%  V.Net capital turnover ratio  As at As at Particulars March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  Total Revenue from operation (A) 1,650 3,551 Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)		As at	As at	
Average Trade payable (B) 75 148  Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B) 40.86 27.92 46.35%  V.Net capital turnover ratio  As at As at Particulars March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  Total Revenue from operation (A) 1,650 3,551 Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)	Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Variance
Average Trade payable (B) 75 148  Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B) 40.86 27.92 46.35%  V.Net capital turnover ratio  As at As at Particulars March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  Total Revenue from operation (A) 1,650 3,551 Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)				
V.Net capital turnover ratio         As at Particulars         As at March 31, 2023         As at March 31, 2022         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A) Shareholder equity (B)         1,650 (6,01,487)         3,551 (6,15,512)         (6,15,512)		3,044		
V.Net capital turnover ratio  As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  Total Revenue from operation (A) 1,650 3,551 Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)	Average Trade payable (B)	75	148	
V.Net capital turnover ratio  As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  Total Revenue from operation (A) 1,650 3,551 Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)				
As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  Total Revenue from operation (A) 1,650 3,551 Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)	Trade payables turnover ratio (A/B)	40.86	27.92	46.35%
As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  Total Revenue from operation (A) 1,650 3,551 Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)				
As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 Variance  Total Revenue from operation (A) 1,650 3,551 Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)	was a section of			
Particulars         March 31, 2023         March 31, 2022         Variance           Total Revenue from operation (A)         1,650         3,551           Shareholder equity (B)         (6,01,487)         (6,15,512)	v.Net capital turnover ratio	No at	A +	
Total Revenue from operation (A)  Shareholder equity (B)  1,650 3,551 (6,01,487) (6,15,512)	Dorticulors			Variance
Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)	rai iiculdi S	iviarch 31, 2023	iviaicii 31, 2022	variance
Shareholder equity (B) (6,01,487) (6,15,512)	Total Revenue from operation (A)	1 650	2 551	
Net capital turnover ratio (A/B)         (0.00)         (0.01)         -52.45%	Shareholder equity (b)	(0,01,407)	(0,13,312)	
(0.00) (0.01) 32,1370	Net capital turnover ratio (A/B)	(0 00)	(0.01)	-52.45%
	V	(3.55)	(5.51)	

	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Variance
Net profit (A)	14,025	27	
Total Revenue from operation (B)	1,650	3,551	
Net profit ratio (A/B)	8.50	0.01	111691%

VII.Return on capital employed

	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Variance
operating income	1,650	3,551	
operating expenses	3,044	4,132	
Net operating income (A)	(1,394)	(581)	_
Shareholder equity (B)	(6,01,487)	(6,15,512)	
Return on capital employed (A/B)	0.00	0.00	0.00%

# Reason For Variance (if more than 25%)

# I. Current ratio

N.A

# **II.Return on Equity Ratio**

N.A

# **III.Trade Receivables turnover ratio**

Revenue growth along with higher efficiency on working capital has resulted in improvement in ratio.

# IV.Trade payables turnover ratio

Revenue growth along with higher efficiency on working capital has resulted in improvement in ratio.

# V.Net capital turnover ratio

Inspite of generating revenue in current year the accumulated losses of past years had resulted in erosion in networth which had resulted in negative ratio.

# VI.Net profit ratio

Revenue growth along with higher efficiency on working capital has resulted in improvement in net profit However, due to increase in expenses in current year the net profit ratio has declined.

# VII.Return on capital employed

N.A

Due to inadaquate profit company is not in a position to redeem preference shares.

# 34 Previous year figures

Figures of previous year are regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to correspond to figures of the current year.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our attached report of even date

For Gupta Rustagi & Co.

Chartered accountants

Firm's Registration No: 128701W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

**Niraj Gupta**Partner

Sanjay Sharma
Director

Director

Director

Membership No: 100808 DIN: 09592199 DIN: 05282842

Sd/- Sd/-

Place : Mumbai Purvi Nanavaty Tejas Wagh
Chief financial officer Company Secretary

Date: 05th May,2023 M.No.A35222